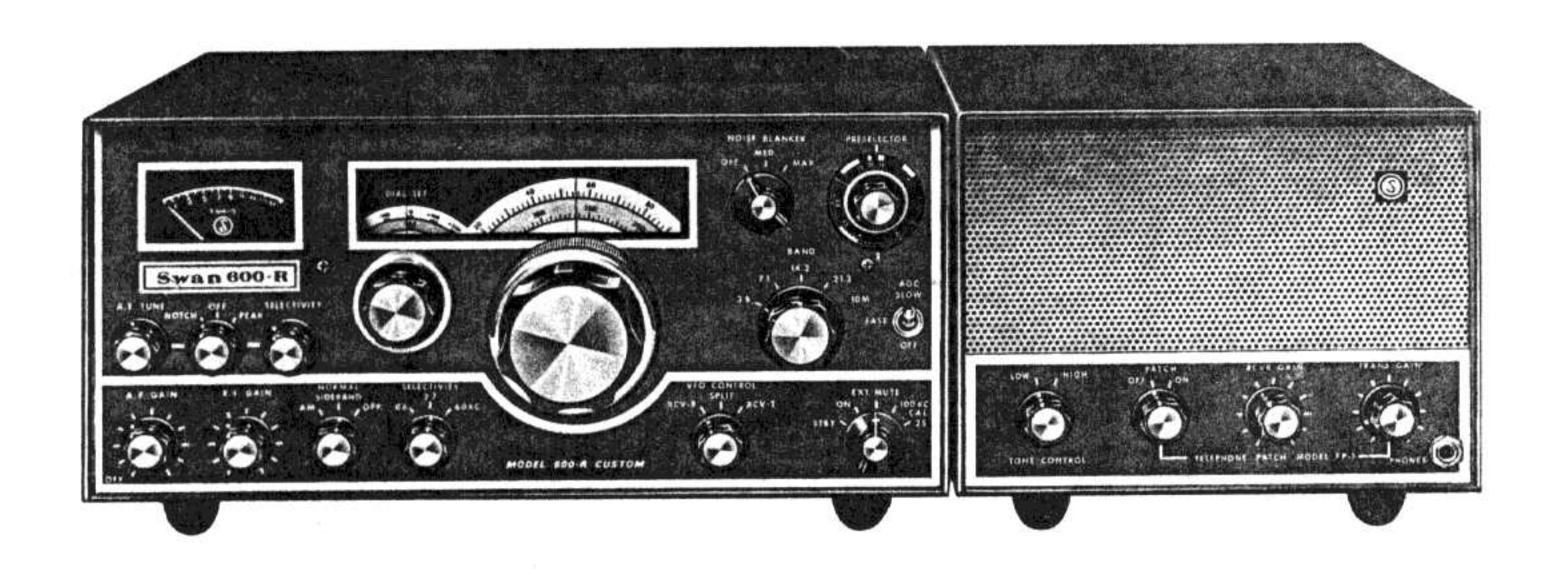
www.evervthing4lessstore.com

INSTALLATION OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE



SWAN MODEL 600-R AND SWAN MODEL 600-R CUSTOM



TABLE OF CONTENTS

																										Page
SWAN ST	ANDARD MODE	L 600-R R	ECEIVEI	٤.										,												. 2
Mo	del 600-R Specific	ations .									•															. 2
SWAN M	ODEL 600-R CUS	TOM RECI	EIVER																							. 4
Ado	litional Specificati	ions for 600	-R Custo	m.																						. 4
INTROD	UCTION																									. 5
CIRCUIT	THEORY																									. 5
SINGLE	SIDEBAND RECE	PTION .			,																					. 8
Side Sing	eband Generation gle Sideband Rece	ption .		 							<i>.</i>		<i>.</i>	•							:					. 8 . 8
	LATION																									
Ant Spe	ver Supply tenna				•		:			-					•	•		:	•							. 11
Cab	le Connections .										-													-	•	. 11
Inte	erconnection Cabli	ing with Sw	an Transc	eive	rs a	nd	Oth	er I	[ra:	nsm	itte	T\$			•	•					•					. 11
	rier Synchronizatio																									
	ION																									
Pre-	trol Functions . Operating Adjustmetiver Operation .	nents .										٠												•		. 18
Rec	eiver Operation . :											•	•							•						. 18
SSE	Reception									٠							•						٠			. 18
AM	Reception				•	•	•			•	•	٠	•	٠	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	. 19
Cw Fre	Reception quency Shift Keyi:	 ng (FSK) –	Slow Sca	 an Te	elev	, isio	m (S	SST	V)	•												•				. 19
Fre	quency Calibration	n					-							•	,		•									. 19
Tur	ing Higher or Low	ver Frequen	cy Segme	ents		•		 1.	 :			•	٠	•	٠	٠	-	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	. 19
	V Reception with	-	•																							
ALIGNM	ENT AND TROUB eiver Alignment .	BLESHOOT	ING .		•	•	-		•	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			. 23
Alte	ernate Method of I	 Receiver Al	 ignment		•	:	•				•					•										. 23
Cry	stal Calibrator Fre	equency Adj	ustment																				•		•	. 23
25 !	KC Multivibrator A	Adjustment										-								٠					-	. 24
S-M RE0	leter Adjustment . O Oscillator (Carrie	 er Freguenc	 ·v.) Adios	 tmen	t		•	•			•	•	•	•				•			•			,		. 24
VF	O Alignment				٠,	•																				. 24
L10	6, 11.9 mc. Trap	Adjustment					-						٠													. 24
600-R ST	ANDARD AND C	USTOM MO	ODELS -	- PAl	RTS	S L	IST				•				٠			-			٠	•				. 31
600-R CU	ISTOM ADDITION	NAL PART	S LIST											•							•	٠				. 34
NB-	600 Noise Blanker	г									,					,							•			. 34
I.C.	A.F. Notcher-Peak	cer	<i>.</i>				-			•	٠	٠	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 34
				LIST	rΛ	F I	1 1 1	IST	'D 4	. ምፕ	nns	3		-												
																				-						
Figure 1.	Receiver Block Di	iagram .								•								•		•		•			•	. 7
Figure 2.	Interconnection I 350C/500C/500C	Diagram 600 'Y Intercon	J-K to 60 naction f	Ni≥ar:	, ama	٠	٠			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	. 12
Figure 4.	270/270B Interco	onnection E	hagram	, .				•						•												. 14
Figure 5.	Interconnection (Cabling for (Other Tra	ınsm	itte	rs/"	Fran	isce	ive	ΓŚ.													•			. 15
Figure 6.	Rear View of 600)• R	. <i>.</i> .	, .															٠						•	. 26
Figure 7.	Top View of 600- Bottom View of 6	·K 600-P			٠	•	٠			•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•				. 28
Figure 9.	Top View of 600-	-R Custom	 Receiver							,						•		,		,		•	•			. 29
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_ 3 																								ļ



SWAN STANDARD MODEL 600-R RECEIVER

MODEL 600-R SPECIFICATIONS

FREQUENCY RANGE:

80 Meters 3.4 to 4.4 mc

40 Meters 6.7 to 7.7 mc.

20 Meters 13.8 to 14.8 mc.

15 Meters 20.9 to 21.9 mc.

10 Meters 27.5 to 30.0 mc.

R.F. SELECTIVITY:

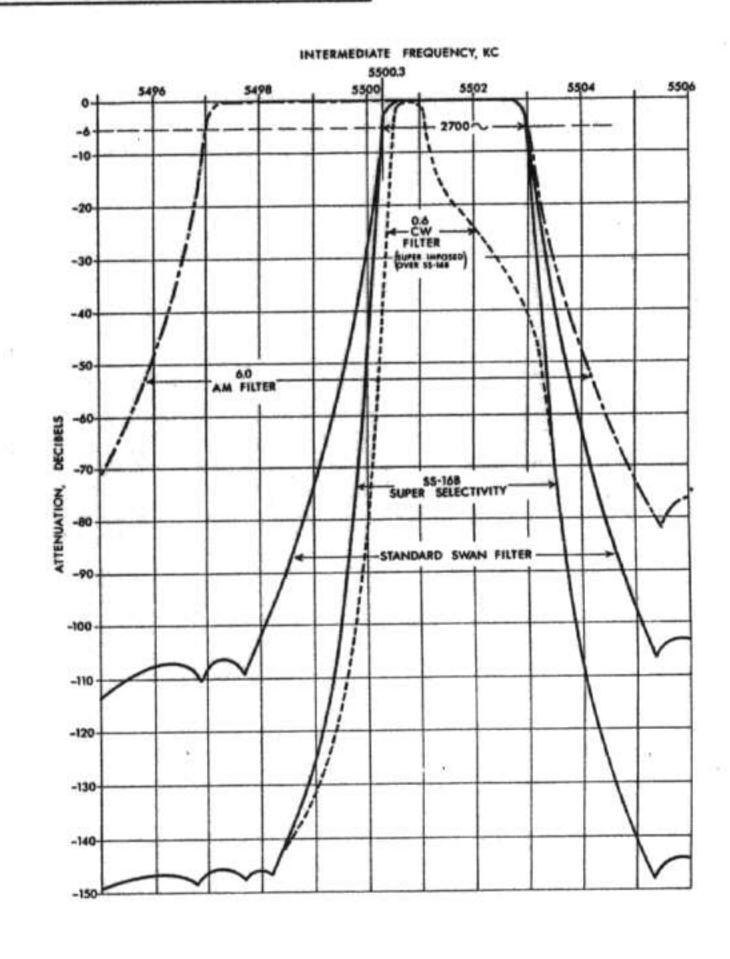
Continuous coverage from 3 to 30 mc.

I.F. SELECTIVITY (STANDARD):

Crystal Lattice Filter with 2.7 kc. bandwidth, 1.7 shape factor. Ultimate rejection in excess of 100 db.

(OPTIONAL):

- (a) SS-16B Super Selective 16 pole Crystal Lattice Filter with 2.7 kc. bandwidth, 1.28 shape factor. Ultimate rejection in excess of 140 db. (Replaces Standard 2.7 kc filter.)
- (b) 0.6 kc. CW filter.
- (c) 6 kc. AM filter.



SPECIFICATIONS - Cont'd

A.F. SELECTIVITY:

Audio response essentially flat from 300 to 3000 cycles ±3 db. Audio output, 3 watts to a 4 ohm external speaker.

SENSITIVITY:

Less than 0.25 microvolts at 50 ohms impedance for signalplus-noise to noise ratio of 10 db.

IMAGE REJECTION:

Minimum 55 db. at 30 mc., increasing to better than 75 db. at 3 mc.

FRONT PANEL CONTROLS:

A.F. GAIN (ON-OFF CONTROL) . . . R.F. GAIN . . . SIDEBAND SELECTOR: AM-NORMAL-OPP . . . SELECTIVITY: 0.6-2.7-6.0 KC . . . VFO CONTROL: XCV-R-SPLIT-XCV-T . . . FUNCTION SWITCH: STBY-ON-EXT-MUTE-CAL 100 KC 25 KC . . . BAND SWITCH: 3.8-7.1-14.2-21.3-10M . . . PRESELECTOR . . . AGC CONTROL: SLOW-FAST-OFF . . . MAIN TUNING . . . DIAL SET.

REAR PANEL CONTROLS AND CONNECTIONS:

EXT OSC.... TO 600-T... VFO CONTROL JACKS: J2-J3... GND TERMINAL... S-METER ZERO... FUSE 2A... POWER CORD... SPKR JACK... CAR. OSC. TEST JACK... ANTENNA JACK J1.

TRANSISTOR COMPLEMENT:

Q1	MPS3693	Crystal Calibrator
Q2	MPS3693	Crystal Calibrator
Q3	MPS3693	Crystal Calibrator
Q4	MPS3693	Crystal Calibrator
Q5	2N706	VFO Oscillator
Q6	2N706	Buffer Amplifier
Q7	2N706	Isolation Amplifier
Q8	2N706	Isolation Amplifier
Q9	2N706	BFO Amplifier

DIODE COMPLEMENT:

D101	1N914	R.F. GAIN Diode
D501	1N34A	Product Detector Diode
D701	2N914	AGC Diode
D702	1N914	AGC Diode
D703	1N914	AGC Diode
D1201	1N4002	Power Supply Diode
D1202	I N4002	Power Supply Diode
D1203	1N4002	Power Supply Diode
D1 204	1N4002	Power Supply Diode
D1205	1N4002	Power Supply Diode
D1206	ZENER	Voltage Regulator

VACUUM TUBE COMPLEMENT:

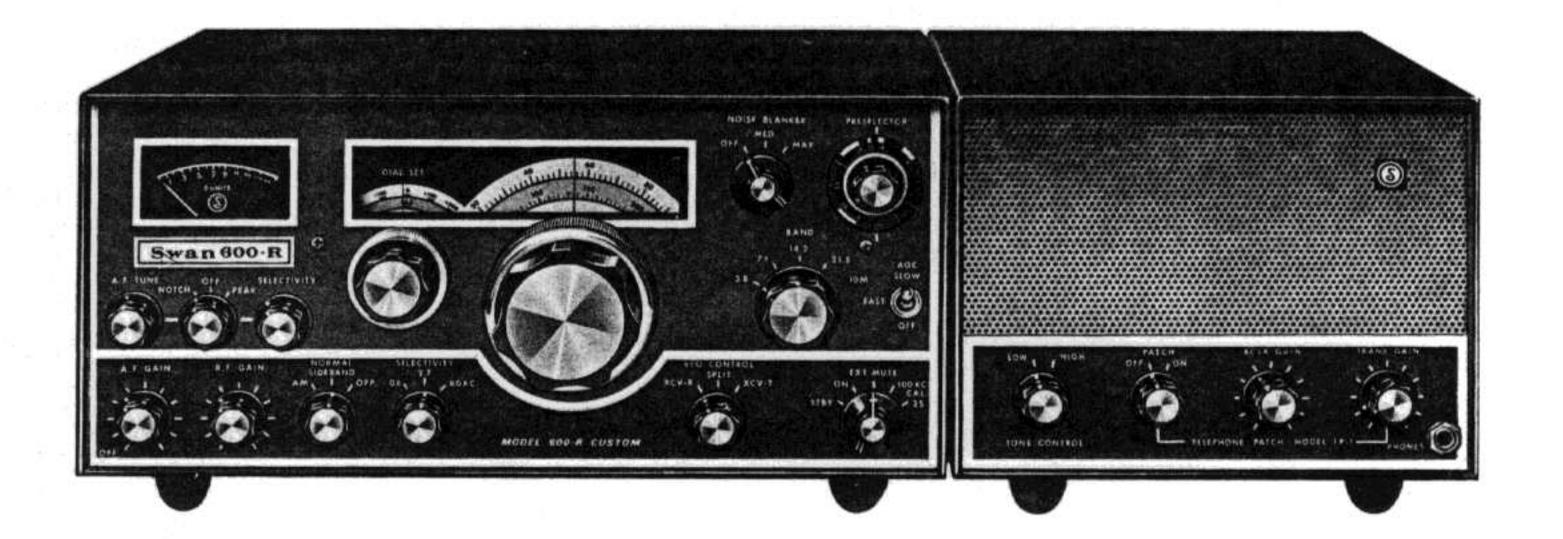
Vl	6 BZ 6	R.F. Amplifier
V2	6BZ6	Mixer
V 3	12 BA6	First I.F. Amplifier
V4	12BA6	Second I.F. Amplifier
V5	12 AX 7	Product Detector/First Audio Amplifier
V 6	12 AQ 5	A.F. Output
V7	12 AV 6	AGC Amplifier

POWER REQUIREMENTS:

117 volts, 50-60 cycles. Current consumption: 1 amp in STBY position or ON position.

DIMENSIONS:

15 inches wide 6-1/2 inches high 12 inches deep Weight — 23 pounds



SWAN MODEL 600-R CUSTOM RECEIVER

ADDITIONAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR 600-R CUSTOM

The specifications for the SWAN MODEL 600-R CUSTOM RECEIVER are the same as those for the STANDARD receiver, except for the addition of the NB-600 Noise Blanker, and the I.C. Audio Notcher-Peaker.

NB-600 NOISE BLANKER

Operating Frequency: 5.5 mc.

No. of Stages: Two

Controls: 3 position Switch: OFF-MED-MAX

Diodes: D1401 1N34A, D1402 2N34A

Vacuum Tubes: V8 12BA6 1st Amp.

V9 12BA6 2nd Amp.

I.C. AUDIO NOTCHER-PEAKER

Frequency Range: 300-3000 cycles

Notch Depth: 40-50 db.

Bandwidth in Peak Mode: Approximately

10% of center Frequency.

Controls: (a) A.F. TUNE

NOTCH-OFF-PEAK (b)

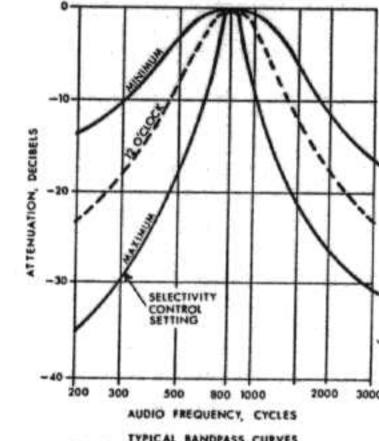
SELECTIVITY (c)

Solid State Components:

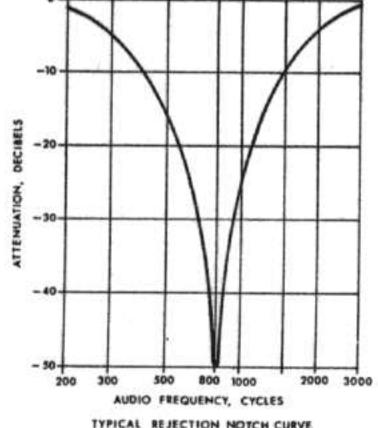
FX-60 Integrated Circuit

40468A FET

1N4742 Zener Diode



FX-60 INTEGRATED CIRCUIT IN PEAK MODE



TYPICAL REJECTION NOTCH CURVE, FX-60 INTEGRATED CIRCUIT NOTCHER-PEAKER

INTRODUCTION

The Swan Model 600-R receiver is designed to be used in CW, AM, SSB, FSK, and SSTV modes over all portions of the 80, 40, 20, 15, and 10 meter amateur radio bands. Expanded frequency coverage is possible with the use of the optional accessory 510X Crystal Controlled Oscillator or Model 330 General Coverage VFO. Basic circuitry of the single conversion design has been proven in many thousands of the popular Swan Transceivers. Mechanical, electrical, and thermal stability is exceptionally high. All oscillators are temperature compensated and voltage regulated. Operation may be fixed or portable. Receiver sensitivity is 1/4

microvolt at 50 ohms for 10 db signal plus-noise to noise ratio. Options include 0.6 KC CW filter, 6 KC AM filter, and SS-16B Super Selective Crystal Lattice Filter. Power is supplied by the built-in 117 volt power supply.

SWAN MODEL 600-R CUSTOM RECEIVER:

The Swan Model 600-R Custom Receiver comes to you with all the above provisions, and in addition, includes the NB-600 I.F. Noise Blanker, and the Integrated Circuit Audio Filter (I.C.A.F.) adjustable audio NOTCHER-PEAKER.

CIRCUIT THEORY

Refer to Figure 1, and the schematic diagram for the following discussion.

The antenna and grid circuit of the R.F. Amplifier V1, are tuned by L101 through L105. These coils are normally tuned to the center of their respective phone bands. Peak frequency tuning is accomplished with the variable capacitor C104A. This capacitor is the front panel PRESELECTOR control. The gain of the R.F. Amplifier is controlled by the manual R.F. GAIN control R107, which varies the bias on the amplifier. C107 couples the incoming RF signal to the grid of the R.F. Amplifier. The plate circuit of the R.F. Amplifier, and the grid circuit of the Mixer V2, are tuned by L201 through L205. These coils are also normally tuned to the center of their phone bands. Peak frequency tuning is accomplished with the second section of the ganged PRESELECTOR capacitor C104B.

The tuned signal is coupled through C207 to the grid of the Mixer, where it is heterodyned with the VFO injection frequency. The VFO frequency is initiated in the transistorized VFO/BUFFER amplifier circuit Q5, Q6. Q5, the VFO oscillator operates in the common base configuration. The Buffer amplifier Q6, is also used for isolation. The stability of the VFO is also enhanced by the use of the Zener diode regulator D1206 across the bias supply voltage. Band switching is accomplished by changing the VFO coils L1101 through L1105. Further isolation is provided by the transistorized Isolation Amplifier Q7. The transistorized Isolation Amplifier Q8, provides additional isolation for the transmitter VFO, when the 600-T transmitter is interconnected.

The injection frequency generated by the VFO is routed to the cathode of the Mixer through C208, where it is subtractively heterodyned with the incoming RF signal. The resultant output of the heterodyning process is the receiver intermediate frequency, nominally 5500 KC. The I.F. signal is coupled from the secondary winding of T201 through the Crystal Lattice Filter to the grid of the First I.F. Amplifier V3. The signal is amplified and coupled through T301 to the grid of the Second I.F. Amplifier V4, and then coupled through T401 to the grid of the Product Detector V5A.

In the Swan Model 600-R Custom, the I.F. signal is coupled from the secondary winding of T201 to the control switch of the I.F. Noise Blanker, Model NB-600. When the control switch is in the OFF position, the signal is passed through the control switch to the Crystal Lattice Filter, and then to the grid of the First I.F. Amplifier. With the control switch in either "MED" or "MAX", the signal is coupled through T1401 to the grid of V8. The signal and noise is amplified and coupled through T1402 to the grid of V9. The signal and noise is further amplified and fed into the clipping network consisting of D1401, D1402, C1406, C1407, C1408, C1409, and R1406, where the noise peaks are clipped off. The I.F. signal is then coupled through T1403; through the attenuation network, where the I.F. signal level is returned to the approximate input level, and then fed into the Crystal Lattice Filter and processed the same as the standard 600-R. In "MAX" position, the NB-600 is operating at full gain, producing maximum clipping of noise pulses. With many strong signals on the band it is possible for V9 to overload. In "MED" position, the NB-600 operates at reduced gain, with considerably less tendency to overload, but still providing good clipping action. The attenuator network is switched to equalize NB-600 output.

The carrier frequency is generated by the transistorized crystal controlled Beat Frequency Oscillator (BFO) Q9. The signal from the BFO is fed into the cathode of the Product Detector through C503. In the NORMAL sideband mode, the carrier frequency is generated at 5500 kc., and in the OPPOSITE sideband mode, the carrier is generated at 5503.3 kc.

In the Product Detector, the BFO signal is heterodyned with the I.F. signal, and the resultant audio is then amplified by the First Audio Amplifier V5B.

In the Swan Model 600-R Custom, the audio signal from the Product Detector is coupled through C502 to the control switch of the I.C.A.F. (Integrated Circuit Audio Filter) Adjustable Audio NOTCHER-PEAKER. When the control switch is in the OFF position, the audio signal is passed through the switch back to the grid of the First Audio Amplifier. When the control switch is in the NOTCH position, an unwanted tone can be nulled out by rotating the A.F. TUNE control. In this position, the SELECTIVITY control has no effect on the signal. When the control switch is in the PEAK position, a desired CW tone is adjusted for maximum strength by rotating the A.F. TUNE control. The SELECTIVITY control may be turned clockwise to reduce bandwidth, or counter clockwise to increase bandwidth. Normally this control will be set to about 12 o'clock.

When receiving AM signals, the BFO is switched off, and the Product Detector operates as a conventional AM detector.

The output of the First Audio Amplifier is coupled through C506, and the A.F. GAIN control R601, to the grid of the

Audio Output Amplifier V6. The output of the A.F. Output stage is coupled through T601 to the 4 ohm speaker jack. The audio signal is also fed to the grid of the AGC Amplifier V7, through C507. The audio voltage is rectified and amplified by V7 and D701. D702 and D703 provide DC blocking to the AGC Amplifier. The negative voltage developed by the AGC Amplifier is fed back to the grid circuits of the R.F. Amplifier, and the I.F. Amplifiers.

Receiver muting is accomplished by externally ungrounding the negative 35 volt bias line to V1, V2, and V3 through pin 9 of the "TO 600-T" socket on the rear panel.

Power for the receiver is supplied by the built-in power supply. Full-wave rectification is provided by the bridge circuit comprised of D1201 through D1204, which supplies the positive 225 and 200 volt plate and screen voltages. The filter network is comprised of C1205A/B, C1206A/B, and R1201, R1202, and R1203. R1206 is the power supply bleeder resistor. The 12.6 AC filament voltage is supplied by a separate winding of T1201. The negative 35 volt bias is developed across D1205. Voltage regulation of the negative 12 volts is achieved by the use of Zener Diode D1206.

The transistorized crystal calibrator provides 100 kc and 25 kc calibration markers for proper dial alignment. Q1 and Q2, along with the 100 kc crystal Y1301, provide the 100 kc marker. Q3 and Q4 are the multivibrator circuit which divides the 100 kc signal by a factor of 4, thus providing calibration markers every 25 kc. The output of the calibrator is coupled through C1305 to the antenna input circuit.

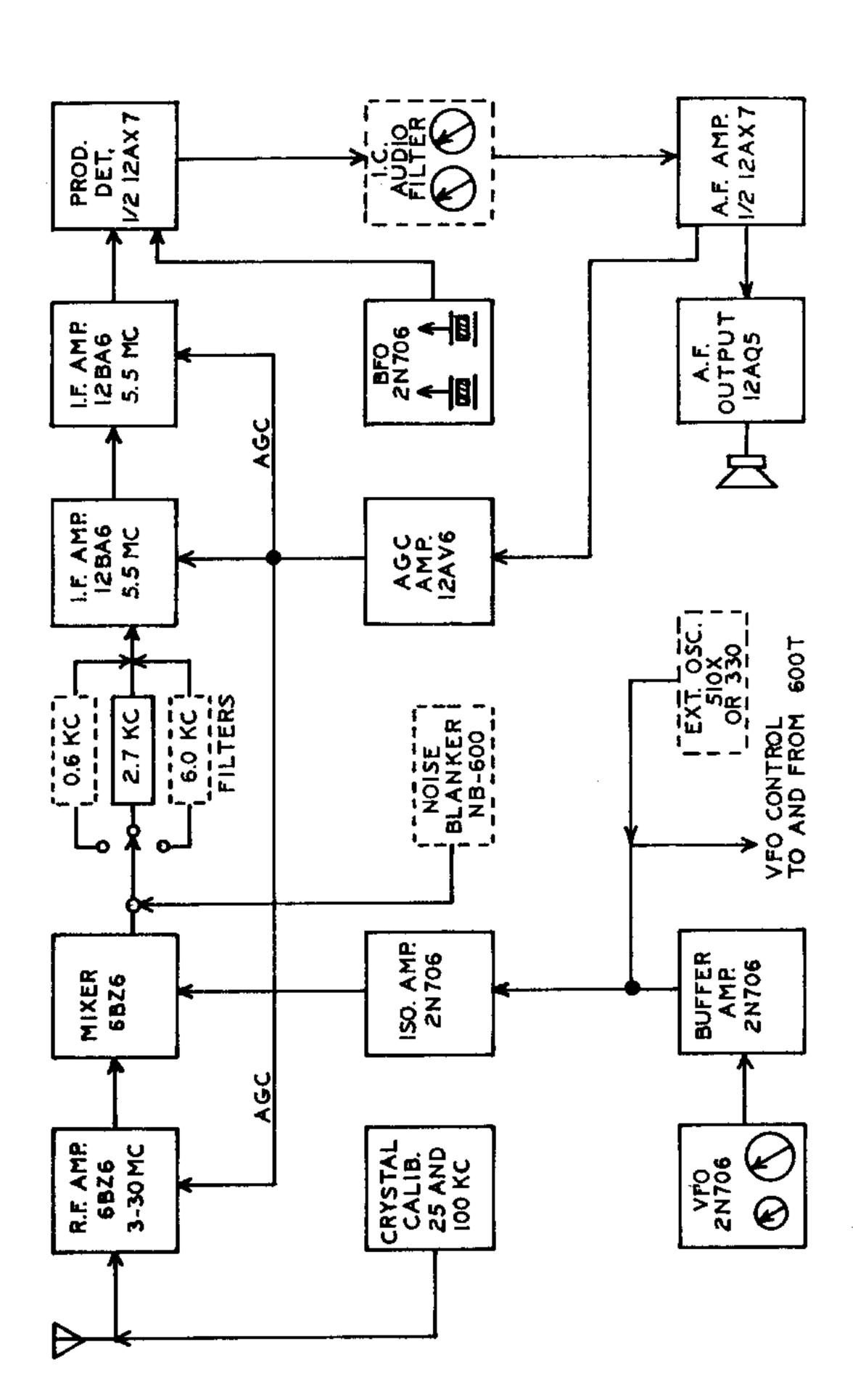


FIGURE 1. RECEIVER BLOCK DIAGRAM

SINGLE SIDEBAND RECEPTION

To permit a logical discussion of the techniques and circuits required to process a single-sideband-suppressed-carrier signal through the Swan Model 600-R Receiver, it is important to understand the generation of a voice modulated radio frequency signal.

SIDEBAND GENERATION:

When a modulated audio frequency, such as one produced by a human voice, is heterodyned with an RF carrier frequency, sideband frequencies are generated which are the sum of, and the difference between, the two heterodyned frequencies. To many, these sideband frequencies are thought of as having only a single frequency with a very small bandwidth. In fact, however, these sidebands are separated from the RF carrier frequency by the sum and difference of the audio frequency. For example, a typical intelligible voice signal contains audio frequencies in the frequency range of 300 to 3000 cycles. If this modulating audio frequency is heterodyned with an RF carrier frequency of 5,500,000 cycles, the resultant sum frequencies cover the frequency range of 5,500,300 cycles to 5,503,000 cycles, and these are called the upper sideband. Likewise, the difference frequencies cover the frequency range of 5,499,700 cycles to 5,499,700 cycles, and are called the lower sideband. From the above information, it is apparent that each of the sidebands occupy a bandwidth of approximately 2,700 cycles.

Since the sideband frequencies carry all the audio intelligence that is impressed on the RF carrier frequency, and the intelligence contained in one of the sidebands is exactly duplicated in the other sideband, only one of the sidebands needs to be transmitted. The other sideband and carrier can be suppressed. It should be remembered that in the single-sideband-suppressed-carrier mode of transmission, the unwanted sideband and carrier are greatly suppressed, but not entirely eliminated. It should also be noted that Swan Transmitters and Receivers normally employ a 5500 kc upper sideband 1.F. system. Normal operation on 80 and 40 meters is lower sideband, while on 20, 15, and 10 meters, normal operation is upper sideband.

SINGLE SIDEBAND RECEPTION:

It is important to keep in mind that the sideband that is being received is actually a band of frequencies approximately 2.7 kc wide. Since the normal I.F. of the Swan Model 600-R Receiver is a 5500 kc USB I.F. system, those RF frequencies which are LSB must be inverted to USB

before detection and recovery of the audio intelligence. On 80 and 40 meters, the normal LSB RF operating frequency is subtractively heterodyned with the receiver VFO injection frequency in the Mixer circuit, and the resultant difference frequency selected at the output of the mixer is the USB I.F. For example, if a LSB RF operating frequency of 3899.7 kc to 3897.0 kc is subtractively heterodyned with the receiver VFO injection frequency of 9400.0 kc, the resultant output of the mixer circuit is the \$500.3 kc to 5503.0 kc USB I.F. In other words, the LSB RF operating frequency has been inverted to a USB I.F. signal by the subtractive heterodyning process.

On 20, 15, and 10 meters, the receiver VFO injection frequency is also subtractively heterodyned with the normal USB RF operating frequency in the Mixer circuit, and the resultant difference frequency selected at the output of the mixer is the USB I.F. For example, if the receiver VFO injection frequency of 8700.0 kc is subtractively heterodyned with the normal USB RF operating frequency of 14200.3 kc to 14203.0 kc, the resultant output of the mixer circuit is the 5500.3 to 5503.0 kc USB I.F. Note that on these bands, the inversion process does not take place.

When operation is desired on the opposite sideband, that is, USB on 80 and 40 meters, or LSB on 20, 15, and 10 meters, the I.F. system is changed to a LSB I.F. system. On 80 and 40 meters, the USB RF operating frequency is heterodyned with the receiver VFO injection frequency, and the resultant difference frequency selected at the output of the mixer circuit is the LSB I.F. On 20, 15, and 10 meters, the LSB RF operating frequency is heterodyned with the receiver VFO injection frequency, and the resultant difference frequency selected at the output of the mixer circuit is the LSB I.F.

In order to detect and reproduce the audio intelligence contained in the USB or LSB I.F. signal, the carrier frequency must be reinserted before the audio stages of the receiver. In the Swan 600-R, this reinsertion takes place at the Product Detector stage in the following manner.

The normal USB I.F. of 5500.3 kc to 5503.0 kc is subtractively heterodyned with the carrier frequency of 5500 kc, and results in a difference audio frequency of 300 to 3000 cycles at the output of the Product Detector. When the I.F. of the receiver is the LSB I.F., the Opposite carrier crystal frequency of 5503.3 kc is switched into the circuit and subtractively heterodyned with the LSB I.F. of 5503.0 to 5500.3 kc, and results in a difference audio frequency of 300 to 3000 cycles.

NORMAL SIDEBAND SIGNAL PROCESSING

	Sign	Signal Input						
Band	RF Carrier Frequency (Suppressed)	*Sideband Frequencies	VFO Injection Frequency	Heterodyning Process In Mixer	I.F. Frequency (Filter Passband)	Carrier Oscillator Frequency	Heterodyning Process In Product Detector	Audio Freq.
80 M	3900 kc	LSB 3899.7 kc to 3897.0 kc	9400.0 kc	subtractive 9400.0 9400.0 3899.7 3897.0 5500.3 5503.0	5500.3 kc to 5503.0 kc USB	5500 kc	subtractive 5500.3 5503.0 5500.0 5500.0 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
40 M	71 00 kc	LSB 7099.7 kc to 7097.0 kc	12600.0 kc	subtractive 12600.0 12600.0 7099.7 7097.0 5500.3 5503.0	5500.3 kc to 5503.0 kc USB	5500 kc	subtractive 5500.3 5503.0 5500.0 5500.0 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
20 M	14200 kc	USB 14200.3 kc to 14203.0 kc	8700.0 kc	subtractive 14200.3 14203.0 8700.0 8700.0 5500.3 5503.0	5500.3 kc to 5503.0 kc USB	5500 kc	subtractive 5500.3 5503.0 5500.0 5500.0 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
15M	21300 kc	USB 21300.3 kc to 21303.0 kc	15800.0 kc	subtractive 21300.3 21303.0 15800.0 15800.0 5500.3 5503.0	5500.3 kc to 5503.0 kc USB	5500 kc	subtractive 5500.3 5503.0 5500.0 5500.0 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
10 M	28500 kc	USB 28500.3 kc to 28503.0 kc	23000.0 kc	subtractive 28500.3 28503.0 23000.0 23000.0 5500.3 5503.0	5500.3 kc to 5503.0 kc USB	5500 kc	subtractive 5500.3 5503.0 5500.0 5500.0 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
*A.F. M	*A.F. Modulation from 300 to 3000 cycles.	00 to 3000 cycles.				* 		

OPPOSITE SIDEBAND SIGNAL PROCESSING

	Signal	d Input						
Band	RF Carrier Frequency (Suppressed)	*Sideband Frequencies	VFO Injection Frequency	Heterodyning Process In Mixer	f.F. Frequency (Filter Passband)	Carrier Oscillator Frequency	Heterodyning Process In Product Detector	Audio Freq.
80M	3900 kc	USB 3900.3 kc to 3903.0 kc	9403.3 kc	subtractive 9403.3 9403.3 3900.3 3903.0 5503.0 5500.3	5503.0 kc to 5500.3 kc LSB	5503.3 kc	subtractive 5503.3 5503.3 5503.0 5500.3 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
40 M	7100 kc	USB 7100.3 kc to 7103.0 kc	12603.3 kc	subtractive 12603.3 12603.3 7100.3 7103.0 5503.0 5500.3	5503.0 kc to 5500.3 kc LSB	5503.3 kc	subtractive 5503.3 5503.3 5503.0 5500.3 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
20M	14200 kc	LSB 14199.7 kc to 14197.0 kc	8696.7 kc	subtractive 14199.7 14197.0 8696.7 8696.7 5503.0 5500.3	5503.0 kc to 5500.3 kc LSB	5503.3 kc	subtractive 5503.3 5503.3 5503.0 5500.3 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
15M	21300 kc	LSB 21299.7 kc to 21297.0 kc	15796.7 kc	subtractive 21299.7 21297.0 15796.7 15796.7 5503.0 5500.3	5503.0 kc to 5500.3 kc LSB	5503.3 kc	subtractive 5503.3 5503.3 5503.0 5500.3 0.3 3.0	300 to 3000 cycle
10M	28500 kc	LSB 28499.7 kc to 28497.0 kc	22996.7 kc	subtractive 28499.7 28497.0 22996.7 22996.7 5503.0 5500.3	5503.0 kc to 5500.3 kc LSB	5503.3 kc	subtractive 5503.3 5503.3 5503.0 5500.3 0.3 3.0	3000 to 3000 cycle
* A F	*A.F. Modulation from 300 to 3000 cycles.	00 to 3000 cycles.						

INSTALLATION

POWER SUPPLY:

The Swan Model 600-R built-in power supply provides all the necessary voltages required by the receiver for 117 volt, 50-60 cycle operation. The receiver comes complete with a pre-wired plug and cable, all ready for plugging into the AC power source.

ANTENNA:

Any of the common antenna systems designed for use on the high frequency amateur bands may be used with the receiver. The antenna input has been designed for a 50 or 75 ohm unbalanced coaxial cable input. An odd length of wire can be used for an antenna, but the receiver will not perform as well as when the antenna has been constructed for use on the amateur bands.

SPEAKER JACK:

Receiver audio output from the 600-R is for a 3 to 4 ohm voice coil impedance. This output is terminated at the SPKR jack located on the rear panel of the receiver. The optional accessory Model 600-S or 600-SP Speakers have been designed specifically for the 600-R receiver, and have excellent audio characteristics. The 600-S is a matching cabinet with a 5 x 7 inch speaker. The 600-SP includes the Swan FP-1 phone patch.

HEADPHONES:

Both speaker models provide a headphone jack. High impedance phones are recommended because the impedance mismatch produces the desired amount of attenuation for headphone volume. Low impedance phones may be used, but attenuation will not be as great, and it will be possible to damage the phones by turning the A.F. GAIN on full, so care must be exercised if low impedance phones are used.

CABLE CONNECTIONS:

Cable connections for interconnecting the 600-R to the matching Swan Model 600-T Transmitter are shown in Figure 2. These cables are supplied with the 600-T.

INTERCONNECTION CABLING WITH SWAN TRANSCEIVERS AND OTHER TRANSMITTERS:

A cable harness, Model CK-1, is available from Swan Electronics for interconnecting the 600-R receiver with your

Swan 350C, 500C, 500CX, 270, and 270B Transceivers. Figure 3 shows the interconnecting cabling for the 350C, 500C, and 500CX, and Figure 4 shows the interconnecting cabling for the 270 and 270B. Complete instructions for interconnecting the 600-R to the Swan Transceivers are contained with each cable harness. The CK-1 cable kits are available from your Swan distributor, or from the Swan factory. For transmitters/transceivers other than Swan, Figure 5 shows cabling requirements needed for interconnection with the 600-R.

CARRIER SYNCHRONIZATION:

When operating the 600-R with the 600-T or Swan Transceiver, it is important that the carrier oscillators in each unit be exactly on the same frequency, otherwise, the transmitting and receiving frequencies in the TRANSCEIVE mode will not be the same. To synchronize the 600-R with the 600-T or Swan Transceiver:

- 1. Turn both units on.
- 2. Place the Function Switch on the 600-T in the PTT position, or in the case of a Swan Transceiver, put it in Receive mode.
- 3. Turn the R.F. GAIN control on the 600-R to the full counter clockwise position.
- 4. Turn the A.F. GAIN control on the 600-R to the full clockwise position.
- 5. Set the SIDEBAND SELECTOR switch on both units to the NORMAL position.
- 6. A Test Jack is provided on the back of the 600-R and 600-T labeled "CAR. OSC. TEST". Connect a wire jumper between each jack. The jumper can be a test lead with a test prod on each end, or just about any odd piece of wire, stripped on each end, and inserted into the test jacks.

NOTE

When operating the 600-R with a Swan transceiver, locate the Carrier Oscillator Crystal in the transceiver, and loosely couple one end of the insulated test lead around the crystal can. One turn around the crystal will be enough. Do not remove insulation from this end of the test lead. A small amount of capacity coupling is all that is required. The other end of the test lead then plugs into the test jack on the 600-R.

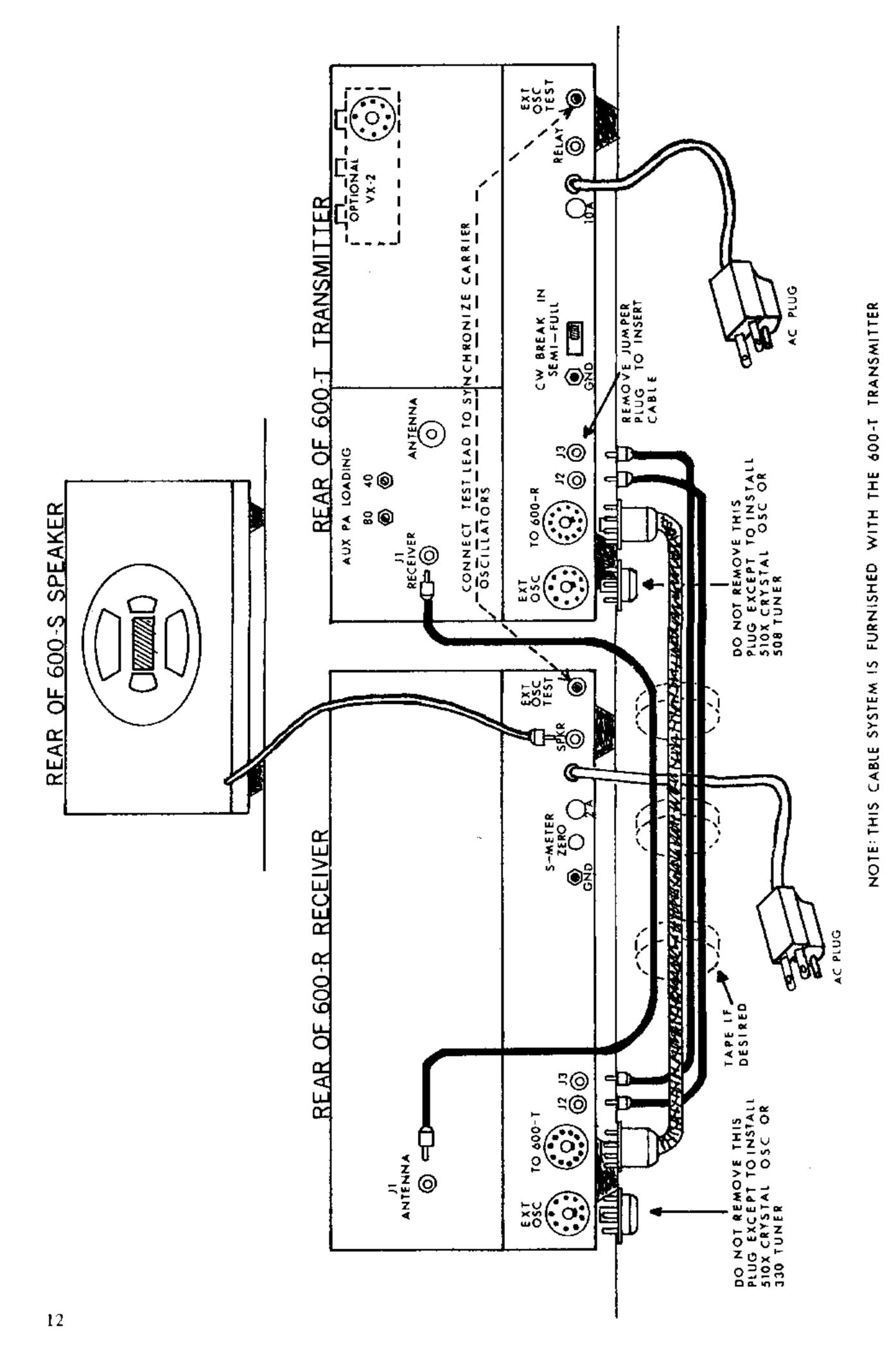


FIGURE 2. INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM 600-R TO 600-T

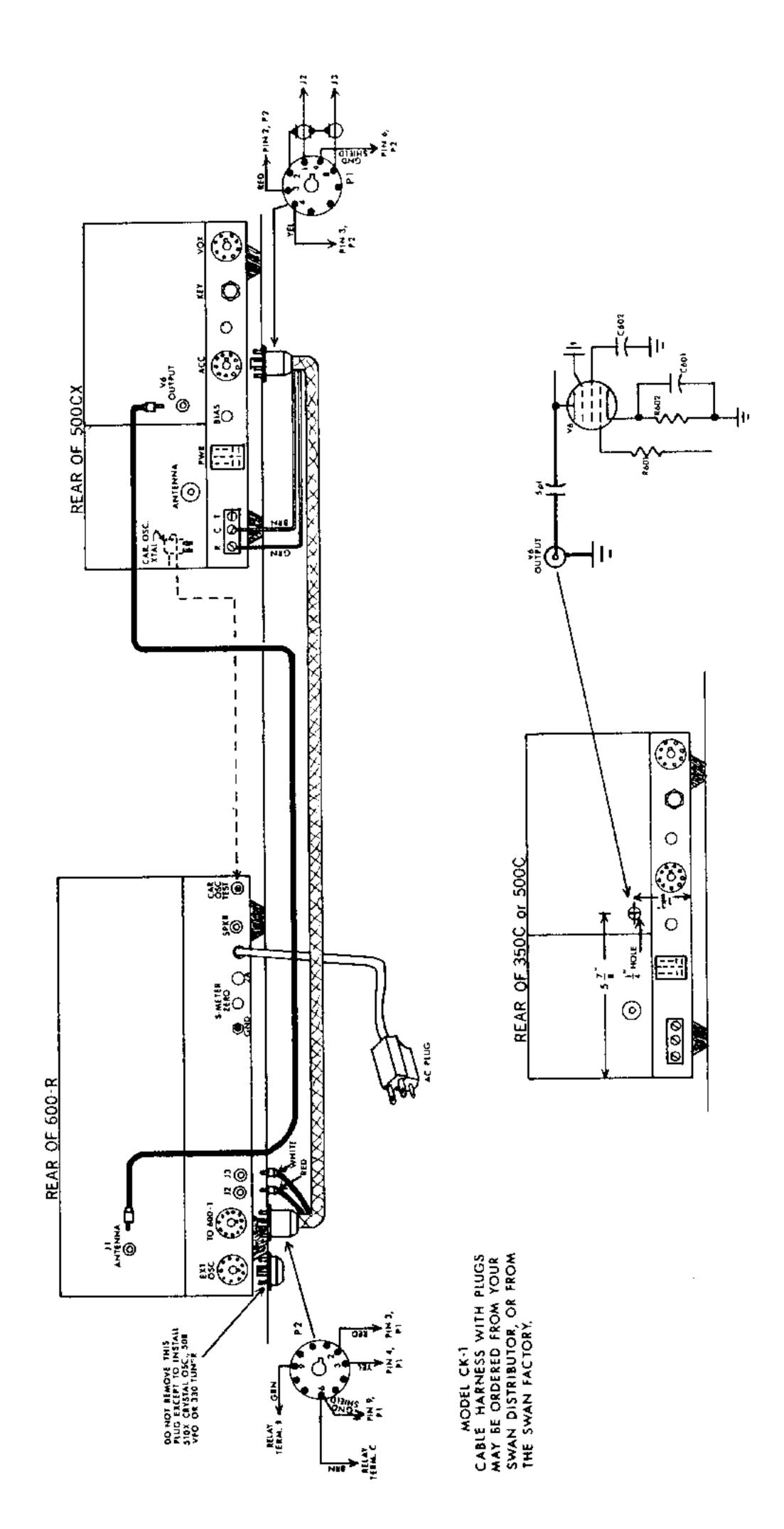


FIGURE 3, 350C/500C/500CX INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

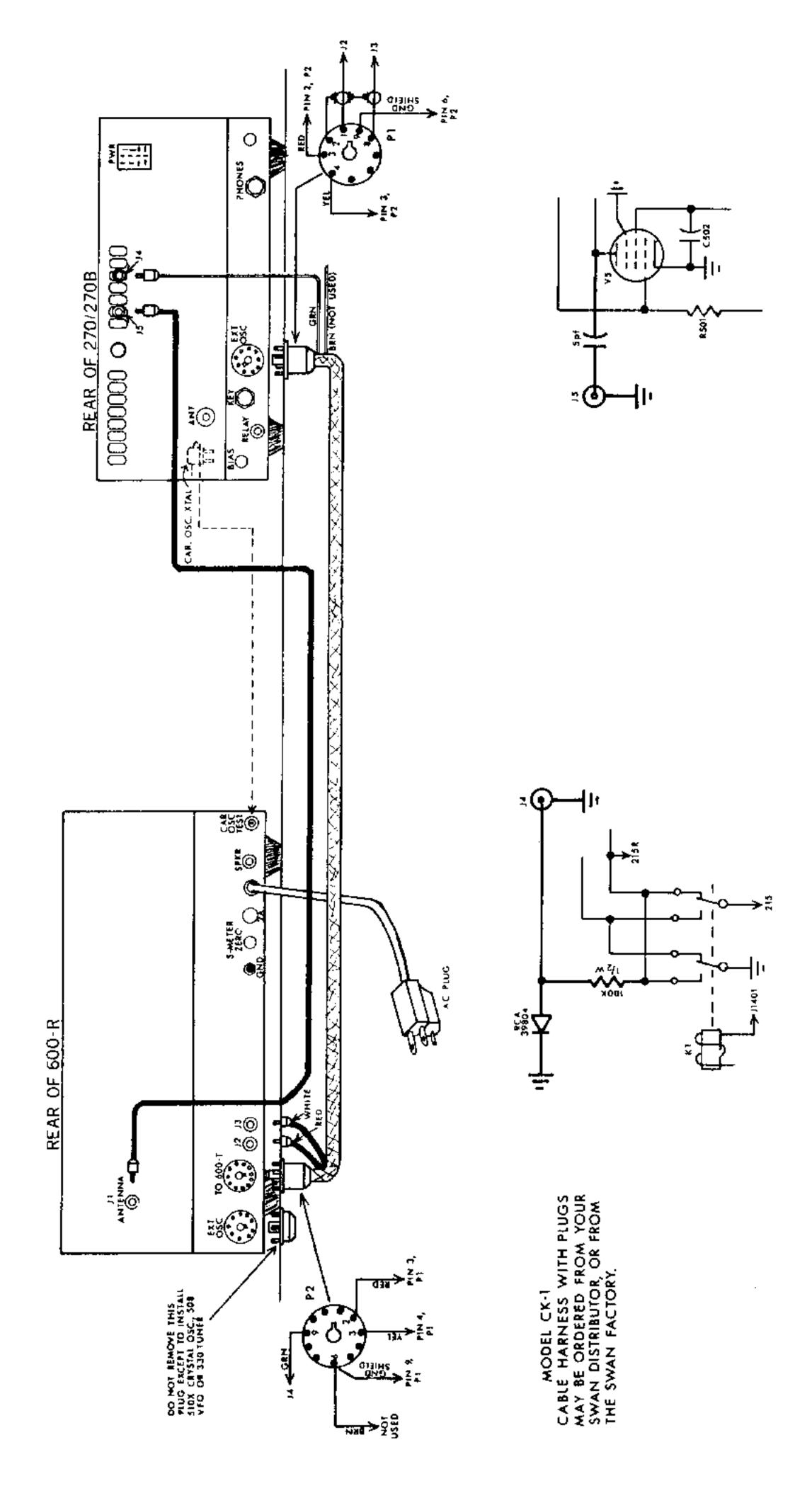
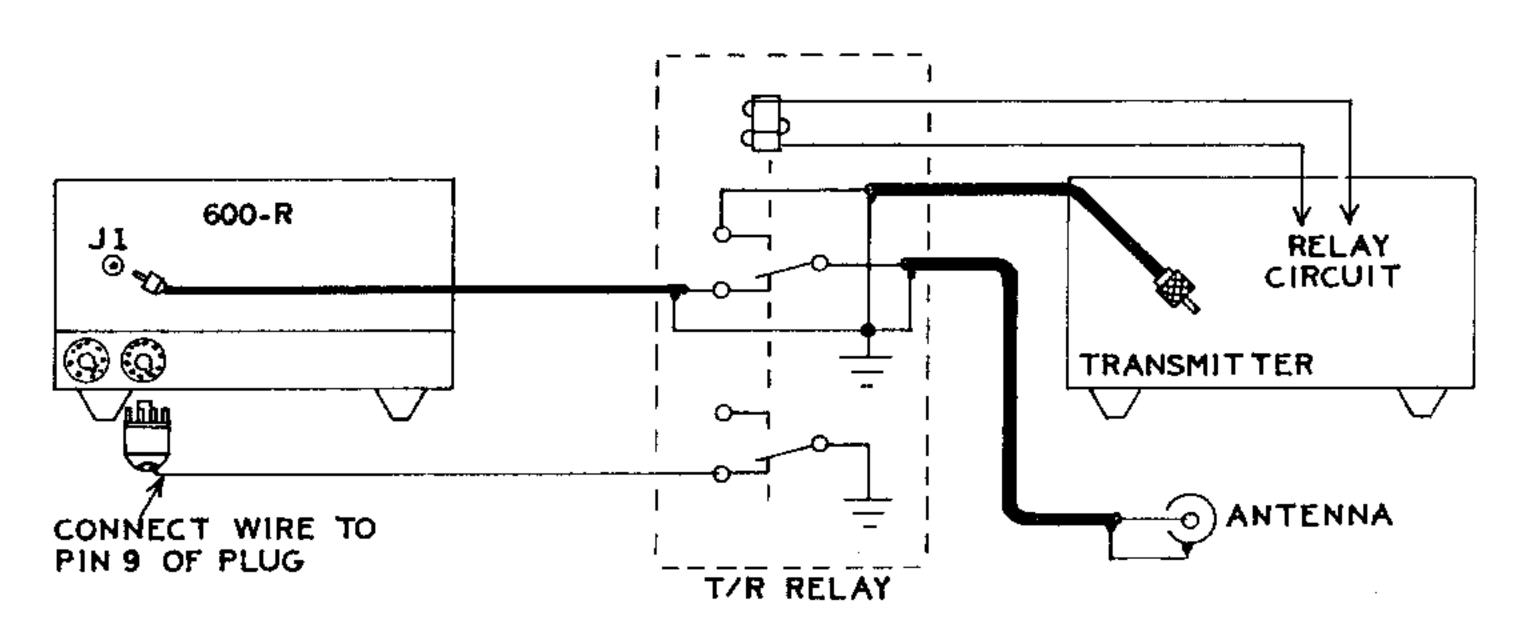


FIGURE 4. 270/270B INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

- 7. A low pitch tone will be heard in the receiver speaker, unless the oscillators are already zero beat. Place the receiver on its side, and locate the CAR. FREQ. ADJUST trimmers. Turn the NORMAL SIDEBAND trimmer slowly until exact zero-beat is heard.
- 8. Switch both units to OPPOSITE sideband. Adjust the OPPOSITE SIDEBAND trimmer for exact zero-beat.
- 9. The units are now fully synchronized.

Important: The carrier frequency trimmers on the transmitter should not be adjusted at this time. This has been factory adjusted during transmitter audio tests. Instructions for adjusting transmitter carrier frequencies are contained in the 600-T manual, as well as in the Swan Transceiver manuals. It is important to remember that if the 600-T carrier frequencies are ever re-adjusted for any reason, or if the Swan Transceiver carrier frequencies are changed, it will then be necessary to perform the Carrier Synchronizing procedure again on the 600-R.



NOTE: Most transmitters will have the Antenna Switching relay built-in, and will have auxiliary terminals for receiver muting. However, if your transmitter does not include relay switching, an external relay as illustrated, will be required. This may be a coaxial type antenna relay (which usually has auxiliary contacts), or any double pole-double throw relay suitable for R.F. Antenna switching. The relay coil must be energized by the transmitter T/R circuits, so its voltage rating will depend on the specific transmitter being used. Check transmitter schematic for information on this.

FIGURE 5. INTERCONNECTION CABLING FOR OTHER TRANSMITTERS/TRANSCEIVERS

OPERATION

CONTROL FUNCTIONS:

ON-OFF SWITCH (On A.F. GAIN Control)

Turns power supply on and off.

A.F. GAIN

Controls potentiometer R601 in grid circuit of V6 A.F. Output. Controls Audio volume.

R.F. GAIN

Controls variable resistor R107. Controls gain of R.F. Amplifier V1, I.F. Amplifiers V3, V4.

SIDEBAND SELECTOR

- AM Removes the negative 12 volts from the BFO Oscillator Q9.
- NORMAL Selects the NORMAL 5500 kc crystal. This provides LSB operation on 80 and 40 meters, and USB operation on 20, 15, and 10 meters.
- OPPOSITE Selects the OPPOSITE 5503.3 kc crystal. This provides USB operation on 80 and 40 meters, and LSB operation on 20, 15, and 10 meters.

SELECTIVITY

- 0.6 This position is used when the optional accessory 600 cycle CW filter is installed.
- 2.7 Selects the standard 5500 kc, 2.7 kc passband, 1.7 shape factor, Crystal Lattice Filter, or the optional accessory SS-16B, 5500 kc, 2.7 kc passband, 1.28 shape factor, 16 pole Super Selective Crystal Lattice Filter.
- 6.0 This position is used when the optional accessory 6 kc AM filter is installed.

VFO CONTROL

- XCV-R When the VFO CONTROL is in the XCV-R position, the 600-R and 600-T, or Swan Transceiver operate TRANSCEIVE, with the 600-R VFO controlling the receiver and transmitter frequencies. The transmitter will transmit on the same frequency that the receiver is tuned to. When the 600-R is used with the 600-T, the Dial Lights on the transmitter will go out in this position.
- SPLIT When the VFO CONTROL is in the SPLIT position, the receiver VFO controls the receive frequency, and the transmitter/transceiver VFO controls the transmit frequency.
- XCV-T When the VFO CONTROL is in the XCV-T position, operation is TRANSCEIVE, with the transmitter VFO controlling the transmitter and receiver frequency. The receiver will be tuned to

the same frequency that the transmitter is tuned to. When the 600-R is used with the 600-T, the Dial Lights on the receiver will go out in this Position.

FUNCTION SWITCH

- STBY The R.F. Amplifier V1, I.F. Amplifiers V3, V4, and the First Audio Amplifier V5B are biased to cutoff.
- ON The bias line is grounded through a contact on S3, removing the cutoff bias to V1, V3, V4, and V5B.
- EXT. MUTE This position provides external muting of the receiver by ungrounding the bias line through pin 9 of the "TO 600-T" socket on the rear panel of the receiver. When the 600-T or Swan Transceiver is interconnected with the 600-R, the receiver is automatically muted when the transmitter is keyed.
- CAL. 100 kc A calibration marker is provided every 100 kc for accurate dial alignment.
- 25 kc A calibration marker is provided every 25 kc for accurate dial alignment.

DIAL SET

Zero beats the calibration markers for accurate dial alignment. Extends the frequency segments for extended coverage. Controls C1107 in VFO circuit.

MAIN TUNING

Controls Cl 106 in frequency determining VFO circuit.

BAND SWITCH

Switches grid and plate coils, and associated capacitors of antenna input circuit, R.F. Amplifier V1, Mixer V2, and VFO circuit.

PRESELECTOR

Controls C104A and C104B in the grid and plate circuits of V1 and V2.

AGC

- SLOW Switches C704 into the AGC circuit, which slows the action of the amplifier.
- FAST Switches C704 out of the AGC circuit.
- OFF Grounds the AGC Amplifier.

I.F. NOISE BLANKER NB-600 (600-R Custom Only)

- OFF Switches the I.F. NOISE BLANKER out of the circuit. Signal passes straight through to the Crystal Filters.
- MED. Provides MEDIUM clipping of impulse type noise. Normally used on the lower bands where strong signals may tend to overload in the "MAX" position.

MAX. - Provides MAXIMUM clipping of impulse type noise. Most effective on the higher bands, particularly on 10 meters.

I.C.A.F. ADJUSTABLE AUDIO NOTCHER-PEAKER (600-R Custom Only)

A.F. TUNE - Adjust frequency of Notch or Peak.

NOTCH - An unwanted tone can be nulled out by rotating the A.F. TUNE control.

OFF - The Integrated Circuit NOTCHER-PEAKER is switched out of the circuit in this position.

PEAK - A desired CW tone is adjusted for maximum strength by rotating the A.F. TUNE control.

SELECTIVITY – Used in conjunction with the PEAK position of the control switch. Reduces bandwidth when turned clockwise, and increases bandwidth when turned counter clockwise. Normally this control will be set to about 12 o'clock.

PRE-OPERATING ADJUSTMENTS:

Perform the following adjustments before plugging the line cord into an AC receptacle.

- 1. Turn POWER switch to OFF by rotating the A.F. GAIN control full counter clockwise.
- Set Function Switch to "ON" position. Set to EXT MUTE position if the 600-R is interconnected with a Swan Model 600-T Transmitter or Swan Transceiver.
- 3. Connect a 50 to 75 ohm antenna to the "J1 ANTENNA" jack on the rear panel of the receiver. Refer to Figures 2, 3, or 4, whichever applies.
- 4. Be sure that all plugs are fully inserted into their respective connectors. As received from the factory, the 600-R is prepared to operate on its own, having a jumper plug in the "EXT OSC" socket.
- 5. Plug the 117 VAC power cord into a 117 volt 50-60 cycle receptacle. If the receptacle to be used does not have provisions for the third pin, which is a grounding pin, an adaptor will be required, or the pin may be cut off. Adaptors are available from electronic or hardware stores. A separate ground wire run to the 600-R chassis is then recommended.

RECEIVER OPERATION:

Rotate the A.F. GAIN control clockwise to about the 3 o'clock position. The power switch will operate applying filament, bias, medium, and high voltage to the receiver.

Wait approximately one minute to allow the tube filaments to reach operating temperature. During this period, perform the following steps:

- 1. Rotate the BAND SWITCH to the desired band.
- 2. Rotate the PRESELECTOR control to the approximate frequency. The Upper Scale is for 40, 20, 15, and 10 meters, and the Lower Scale is for 80 meters.
- 3. Rotate the R.F. GAIN control fully clockwise.
- 4. Set the SIDEBAND SELECTOR switch to NORMAL sideband position.
- 5. Set the SELECTIVITY switch to the "2.7" position.
- 6. Set the VFO CONTROL switch to the SPLIT position.
- Set the Function Switch to the ON position. If the 600-R is interconnected with the 600-T, or Swan Transceiver, set the Function Switch to the EXT MUTE position.
- 8. Select the desired AGC operating condition, SLOW-FAST-OFF. The SLOW position is normally used.
- Rotate the MAIN TUNING control to the desired frequency.
- Set the NOTCHER-PEAKER control to the OFF position: (Swan 600-R Custom only).
- 11. Set the I.F. Noise Blanker to OFF position: (Swan 600-R Custom only).
- 12. Rotate the DIAL SET control to 0, or 28.5 position if operation is on 10 meters.

RECEIVER TUNING:

The Main Tuning Dial has a white scale reading from 0 to 200 kc, which is used for 80, 40, 20, and 15 meter tuning. Below this scale is a separate green scale reading from 0 to 500 kc, which is used only for 10 meter tuning.

The DIAL SET control has a white scale reading from -400 to +400 kc, which is used for 80, 40, 20, and 15 meter tuning. Below this scale is a green scale reading from 28.0 to 29.2 mcs., which is used only for 10 meter tuning.

SSB RECEPTION:

To receive SSB transmissions:

1. Set SIDEBAND SELECTOR switch to NORMAL sideband position. This provides for reception of Lower Sideband on 318 and 7.1 mc. bands, and Upper Sideband on 14, 21, and 28 mc. bands. If a station is transmitting opposite to this normal arrangement, then switch to "OPP".

- 2. Set SELECTIVITY switch to "2.7" position.
- Peak PRESELECTOR control for maximum signal. Each
 of the bands is calibrated on the PRESELECTOR scale
 as a guide.
- 4. On Swan 600-R Custom models, set the I.F. Noise Blanker to "MED" on the lower bands, and "MAX" on the higher bands, to effectively suppress impulse type noise.
- 5. On Swan 600-R Custom models, to suppress a heterodyne tone that is close to your operating frequency, set the NOTCHER-PEAKER to the NOTCH position, and rotate the A.F. TUNE control until the heterodyne tone is nulled out.

Precise tuning of a single sideband signal is very important. Do not be satisfied to merely tune until the voice can be understood, but take the extra care of setting the dial to the exact spot where the voice sounds natural. Above all, avoid the habit of tuning so that the voice is pitched higher than normal.

AM RECEPTION:

To receive AM transmissions:

- Set SIDEBAND SELECTOR switch to AM position.
- 2. Set SELECTIVITY switch to "2.7" position, or 6.0 position if a 6.0 kc AM filter is installed.

CW RECEPTION:

To receive CW transmissions:

- Set SIDEBAND SELECTOR switch to NORMAL sideband position.
- Set SELECTIVITY switch to "2.7" position, or 0.6 kc position if the narrow band 600 cycle CW filter is installed.
- 3. On Swan 600-R Custom models, set the NOTCHER-PEAKER control to the PEAK position. Rotate the A.F. TUNE control for maximum signal. Adjust the SELECTIVITY control for desired bandwidth. Normally this control is set at 12 o'clock.

FREQUENCY SHIFT KEYING (FSK) — SLOW SCAN TELEVISION (SSTV)

There are no modifications required to operate the Swan-Model 600-R/600-R Custom receivers with FSK or SSTV. The headphone jack on the 600-S/600-SP speakers can be utilized for FSK/SSTV input. Additionally, if desired, the

speaker jack located on the rear panel of the receivers can also be used for FSK/SSTV input.

FREQUENCY CALIBRATION:

To calibrate the Main Tuning Dial:

- 1. Rotate MAIN TUNING control clockwise until the 0 on the large dial is aligned with the red indicator line.
- 2. Unlock the DIAL SET control by turning the locking ring counter clockwise.
- 3. Rotate the DIAL SET control until the 0 on the white scale, or 28.5 on the green scale, is approximately aligned with the red indicator line
- 4. Set the 600-R VFO CONTROL switch to the SPLIT or XCV-R position.
- 5. Set the PRESELECTOR control to the proper band area.
- Set the FUNCTION SWITCH on the 600-R to the Calibrate, 100 kc position.
- 7. Zero-beat the 100 kc calibration marker using the DIAL SET control.
- 8. The 600-R Main Tuning Dial is now calibrated for normal sideband, phone band coverage. The 0 to 200 dial scale will now tune from 3.8 to 4.0 mc., 7.1 to 7.3 mc., 14.2 to 14.4 mc., and 21.3 to 21.5 mc. respectively.

The dial reading is added to the bandswitch setting. For example: In the 3.8 position, a dial reading of 100 indicates a frequency of 3.9 mc., or 3,900 kc.

In the 10M position, the reading obtained from the green 0 to 500 scale is added to the frequency that the DIAL SET indicator line is aligned with. For example: when the DIAL SET is aligned on 28.5, the MAIN TUNING will tune 28.5 to 29.0 mc. Thus, if the dial reads 200, the indicated frequency is 28.7 mc., or 28,700 kc.

TUNING HIGHER OR LOWER FREQUENCY SEGMENTS:

Higher or lower frequency coverage is obtained by moving the DIAL SET control in 100 kc. increments. You will note that the DIAL SET scale is calibrated from -400 to +400. By using the 100 kc. calibrator built into the 600-R, the tuning range may be moved up or down very easily. (See Frequency Coverage Chart.)

For Example: If it is desired to operate from 14.0 to 14.2:

1. Set Main Tuning Dial to 0.

- 2. Unlock DIAL SET control.
- 3. Rotate DIAL SET control until the 100 kc calibrator marker is zero-beat in the -200 increment.
- 4. The receiver is now tuned to 14.0 mc., and by rotating the MAIN TUNING control, reception is possible up to 14.2 mc.
- Use the same procedure to cover various segments of other bands, either below or above the normal segments. (See Frequency Coverage Chart.)

WWV RECEPTION WITH 600-R/600-T/SWAN TRANSCEIVER COMBINATIONS:

Time signals from the Bureau of Standards WWV and WWVH may be received at 10, 15, 20, and 25 mc. with the 600-R and 600-T combination. If the 600-R is mated with a Swan Transceiver, 10, 15, and 20 mc. may be received. Both units, or the 600-R and Swan Transceiver, are required since it is necessary to tune the 600-R PRESELECTOR control to the WWV signal frequency, and use the 600-T or Swan Transceiver VFO for heterodyne injection. The VFO selector switch on the 600-R must be set to "XCV-T" position.

WWV Freq.	600-T Main Tuning Dial	Swan Transceiver Tuning Dial	600-R Bandswitch	600-R Preselector
10 mc.	21.0 mc.	21.0 mc.	7.1 or 14.2	10 mc.
15 mc.	4.0 mc.	4.0 mc.	14.2	15 mc.
20 mc.	*7.25 mc.	*7.25 mc.	21.3	20 mc.
25 mc.	*4.25 mc.	Not within Range	10M	25 mc.

^{*2}nd harmonic of VFO frequency is used for heterodyning to the signal frequency. For example: 7,250 + 5,500 kc = 12,750, the 600-T VFO frequency. 2 x 12,750 = 25,500 kc and 25,500 - 5,500 = 20,000 kc, WWV.

Reception of WWV signals in this manner points up the versatility of the 600-R/600-T/Swan Transceivers combination. Because the 600-R PRESELECTOR tunes continuously from 3 to 30 mc., a fairly wide number of ranges are available outside the amateur bands by using the 600-T/Swan Transceiver VFO. The PRESELECTOR circuits of the 600-R may be tuned 5500 kc above or below the 600-T/Swan Transceiver VFO frequency to receive signals. In addi-

tion, the PRESELECTOR may be tuned 5500 kc above or below the second harmonic of the 600-T/Swan Transceiver VFO. A certain amount of calculating is required, and naturally the Swan Model 330 General Coverage Tuner is more satisfactory for those who wish a fully calibrated dial scale with full coverage from 3 to 30 mc. Refer to your Swan Catalog or Swan distributor for complete data on the 330 tuner.

600-R/600-T FREQUENCY COVERAGE CHART

LOWER FREQUENCY SEGMENTS

Bandswitch Position	Tuning Range with Dial Set At Ø	Tuning Range with Dial Set At -100	Tuning Range with Dial Set At -200	Tuning Range with Dial Set At -300	Tuning Range with Dial Set At -400
3.8	3.8 - 4.0	3.7 - 3.9	3.6 - 3.8	3.5 - 3.7	3.4 - 3.6
7.1	7.1 - 7.3	7.0 - 7.2	6.9 - 7.1	6.8 - 7.0	6.7 - 6.9
14.2	14.2 - 14.4	14.1 - 14.3	14.0 - 14.2	13.9 - 14.1	13.8 - 14.0
21.3	21.3 - 21.5	21.2 - 21.4	21.1 - 21.3	21.0 - 21.2	20.9 - 21.1

HIGHER FREQUENCY SEGMENTS

Bandswitch Position	Tuning Range with Dial Set At Ø	Tuning Range with Dial Set At +100	Tuning Range with Dial Set At +200	Tuning Range with Dial Set At +300	Tuning Range with Dial Set At +400
3.8	3.8 - 4.0	3.9 - 4.1	4.0 - 4.2	4.1 - 4.3	4.2 - 4.4
7.1	7.1 - 7.3	7.2 - 7.4	7.3 - 7.5	7.4 - 7.6	7.5 - 7.7
14.2	14.2 - 14.4	14.3 - 14.5	14.4 - 14.6	14.5 - 14.7	14.6 - 14.8
21.3	21.3 - 21.5	21.4 - 21.6	21.5 - 21.7	21.6 - 21.8	21.7 - 21.9

10 METER FREQUENCY SEGMENTS

Bandswitch Position	Tuning Range with Dial Set At 28.5	Tuning Range with Dial Set At 28.0	Tuning Range with Dial Set At 29.0	Tuning Range with Dial Set At 29.2
10M	28.5 - 29.0	28.0 - 28.5	29.0 - 29.5	29.2 - 29.7

- ... Use 100 kc calibrator position for exact setting of 100 kc increments.
- Lock the DIAL SET control to hold in position. This need not be a hard lock, but just enough drag to make turning tight.
- Calibration accuracy of the MAIN TUNING dial is closest in the normal phone band ranges. In lower portions of each band, that is, in the CW bands, check frequency carefully with 100 kc and 25 kc calibration markers.

ALIGNMENT AND TROUBLESHOOTING

The following procedures are given in the order performed during the factory alignment for the receiver. For home servicing, only partial alignment may be necessary. Read all procedures carefully before commencing either partial or complete alignment. See Figures 7, 8, and 9 for component placement. The following equipment is recommended for complete alignment.

- 1. R.F. Signal Generator (3 to 30 mc).
- 2. Vacuum Tube Voltmeter (VTVM).

RECEIVER ALIGNMENT:

Receiver alignment involves the adjustment of the antenna coils L101 through L105; the Mixer coils L201 through L205; and the I.F. coupling transformers T201, T301, and T401.

- 1. After allowing approximately ten minutes for warmup, rotate the Main Tuning Dial until the 0 is aligned with the red indicator line.
- Rotate the DIAL SET control until the 0 on the white scale, and 28.5 on the green scale, are aligned with the red indicator line.
- Set the SIDEBAND SELECTOR switch to the NOR-MAL position.
- 4. Set BAND switch to band being aligned.
- 5. Set AGC switch to FAST position.
- 6. Set VFO CONTROL switch to XCV-R position.
- Set SELECTIVITY switch to 2.7 position.
- 8. Set R.F. GAIN control to full clockwise position.
- 9. Set A.F. GAIN control to normal operating audio level.
- Set PRESELECTOR control to the approximate frequency for the band being aligned.
- 11. Set FUNCTION SWITCH to ON position.
- 12. With a 50 ohm dummy load connected to the antenna input jack, or the receiving antenna connected to the jack, adjust T401, T301 and T201 for maximum noise (see Figure 7).

- 13. Switch the SIDEBAND SELECTOR switch to AM position.
- Re-adjust T301 for maximum noise. Switch back to NORMAL position.
- Disconnect the dummy load or antenna, and connect the R.F. Signal Generator output to the antenna input jack.
- 16. Set the R.F. Signal Generator output level to 10 microvolts.
- 17. Using the chart below, adjust the antenna and Mixer coils for maximum signal. When properly adjusted, the receiver S-Meter should read approximately S7 to S9 with 10 microvolts input. When the input level is reduced to approximately 1/10 microvolt, the signal should still be audible (see Figure 7).

R.F. Signal Generator Frequency	Antenna Coils	Mixer Coils
3800	L101	L201
7100	L102	L202
14200	L103	L203
21300	L104	L204
28500	L105	L205

ALTERNATE METHOD OF RECEIVER ALIGNMENT:

If an R.F. Signal Generator is not available, an alternate method of aligning the receiver is to use the built-in 100 kc crystal calibrator. Prior to commencing the alignment, check the calibrator against WWV. To align the receiver using the calibrator, set the FUNCTION SWITCH to CAL 100 kc, and proceed with the alignment as described above.

CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT:

The WWV signal, which is used to adjust the built-in 100 kc calibrator, can be received using the 600-R interconnected with the 600-T or Swan Transceiver; the Model 508 External VFO connected to the 600-R; or the Model 330 General Coverage Tuned. Otherwise, an outside source, such as

an external receiver that will tune to WWV. To adjust the calibrator using the 600-R/600-T/Swan Transceiver combination, tune in WWV using the procedures described under "WWV RECEPTION WITH 600-R/600-T/Swan Transceiver Combinations" in the OPERATION section. These same tuning procedures apply when using the Model 508 with the 600-R. When the Model 330 General Coverage Tuner is used, tune in WWV direct. After WWV has been tuned in, turn on the 100 kc calibrator, and if the calibrator can be heard in the speaker, adjust C1302 (see Figure 7) to zerobeat with WWV. If an external receiver is used, locate the R.F. Amplifier tube socket, V1. Wrap one end of an insulated wire lead loosely around pin 1. Connect the other end to the antenna terminal of the external receiver. Tune external receiver to zero-beat WWV. Turn on 100 kc calibrator, and by listening to it on the external receiver, adjust C1302 to zero-beat with WWV.

25 KC MULTIVIBRATOR ADJUSTMENT:

The calibrator circuit board has a trimmer type potentiometer which is used to adjust the multivibrator circuit so it divides the 100 KC calibrator output by a factor of 4, thus providing calibration markers every 25 kc. If markers are received every 20 kc or every 33-1/3 kc, adjustment is required. A small adjusting hole will be found on top of the R.F. tuner, directly back of V1, the R.F. Amplifier tube. Use a small insulated screwdriver, and carefully turn the trimmer control, R1308, until calibration markers are received every 25 kc (see Figure 7).

S-METER ADJUSTMENT.

Disconnect antenna, detune "PRESELECTOR" control for minimum noise, and turn R.F. GAIN to maximum clockwise position. Set R405, located on the rear panel, for zero meter reading. Make sure that no local signals are being received (see Figure 6).

BFO OSCILLATOR (CARRIER FREQUENCY) ADJUSTMENT:

NOTE

If the 600-R is mated to a 600-T, or to a Swan Transceiver, refer to "CARRIER SYNCHRON-IZATION" paragraph in the INSTALLATION SECTION, and follow that procedure. If the 600-R is not mated to a Swan Transmitter, then use the following procedure.

To adjust the BFO oscillator:

 Set SIDEBAND SELECTOR switch to NORMAL position.

- 2. Set BAND switch to 3.8 position.
- 3. Rotate Main Tuning Dial off of any 100 kc or 25 kc markers.
- 4. Detune PRESELECTOR control.
- 5. Turn on 100 kc calibrator.
- 6. If the 5500 kc BFO oscillator crystal is off frequency, an audible signal will be heard in the speaker of the receiver. Adjust C907 until the BFO is zero-beat with the calibrator (see Figure 8).
- 7. Since the OPPOSITE BFO crystal is 5503.3 kc, it cannot be adjusted with the 100 kc calibrator. To adjust the OPPOSITE BFO crystal frequency, it is necessary to use either a frequency counter; a 5503.3 kc crystal controlled frequency input; or have a receiver that has been accurately calibrated and can be tuned to exactly 5503.3 kc. Whichever method is used, adjust the receiver 5503.3 kc OPPOSITE BFO crystal frequency using C908 (see figure 8).

VFO ALIGNMENT:

A trimmer is provided for each VFO range. Trimmer adjustment for the five VFO ranges is through the top cover of the VFO compartment. An insulated adjusting tool is recommended. Dial tracking has been factory set by pruning the coils, and will not ordinarily require further adjustment.

When dial calibration changes beyond the adjusting range indicated on the DIAL SET dial, calibration may be restored by carefully adjusting the trimmer for that range (see Figure 7).

L106, 11.9 mc. TRAP ADJUSTMENT:

- 1. Set SIDEBAND SELECTOR in NORM position.
- 2. Set BAND SWITCH to 14.2.
- 3. Set MAIN TUNING dial to 0.
- 4. Set DIAL SET control to 0.
- 5. Peak PRESELECTOR in the 14 mc. range.
- 6. Feed an unmodulated 11.9 mc. R.F. signal into the antenna jack.
- 7. Set Signal Generator output level at 100 mv or better.
- 8. Tune the generator for audible beat note in the receiver.
- 9. Adjust L106 for minimum S-Meter reading (see Figure 7).

VFO FREQUENCY CHART

Calibrated Dial Frequency	Actual VFO Frequency
3500 KC	9000 KC
3800	9300
4000	9500
7000	12500
7200	12700
7300	12800
14000	8500
14200	8700
14350	8850
21000	15500
21250	15756
21450	15950
28000	22500
28500	23000
29000	23 500
29700	24200
30000	24500

VOLTAGE-RESISTANCE CHART

		PIN NO.								
TUBE		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
V1- 6BZ6	V	7	G	G	6.3 AC	210	60	G		
VI- 0DZ0	R	250 K	G	G	0	40K	200K	G	_	
V2- 6BZ6	V	7	1.1	6.3 AC	12.6AC		20	G		
¥ 2- OBZO	_R_	550K	4.7K	0	0	300K	5 Meg	G		
V3-12BA6	V	9	G	G	12.6 AC	210	60	G	<u></u>	<u> </u>
V3-12DA0	R	750K	G	G	0	40K	50K	G	<u> </u>	
V4-12BA6	V	9	G	G	12.6 AC	210	60	.63	<u> </u>	
V4-12DA0	R	850K	G	G	0	40 K	50K	100		
V5-12AX7	V	82	-1.7	.16	12.6 AC	•	130	-1,1	G	N.C.
VJ-1ZAA/	R	300K	75 K	300	0	G	200K	1 Meg	G	N.C.
V6-12AQ5	V	-11	G	G	12.6 AC	 	220	N.C.		
V0-12AQ3	R	950	G	G	0	4K.	5 K	N.C.	<u> </u>	
V7-12AV6	V	0	9.4	G	12.6 AC		0	220		
V 7-12AVU	R	470K	5K	G		N.C.	1.5M	15 K		
V8-12BA6*	V	0	G	G	12.6 AC		75	5	1	
+ 0-1 2D/10	R	2-2	G	G	• • •	30 K	40K	100	<u> </u>	<u>. </u>
V9-12BA6*	V	0	G	G	12.6 AC		75	5		
v 5-1 2DAO	R	100K	G	G	0	30 K	40K	100		

All measurements were taken using a H/P Model 410B VTVM. All voltages are DC unless otherwise specified.

^{*}V8 and V9 are NB-600 noise blanker amplifiers, and are used in the 600-R Custom only.

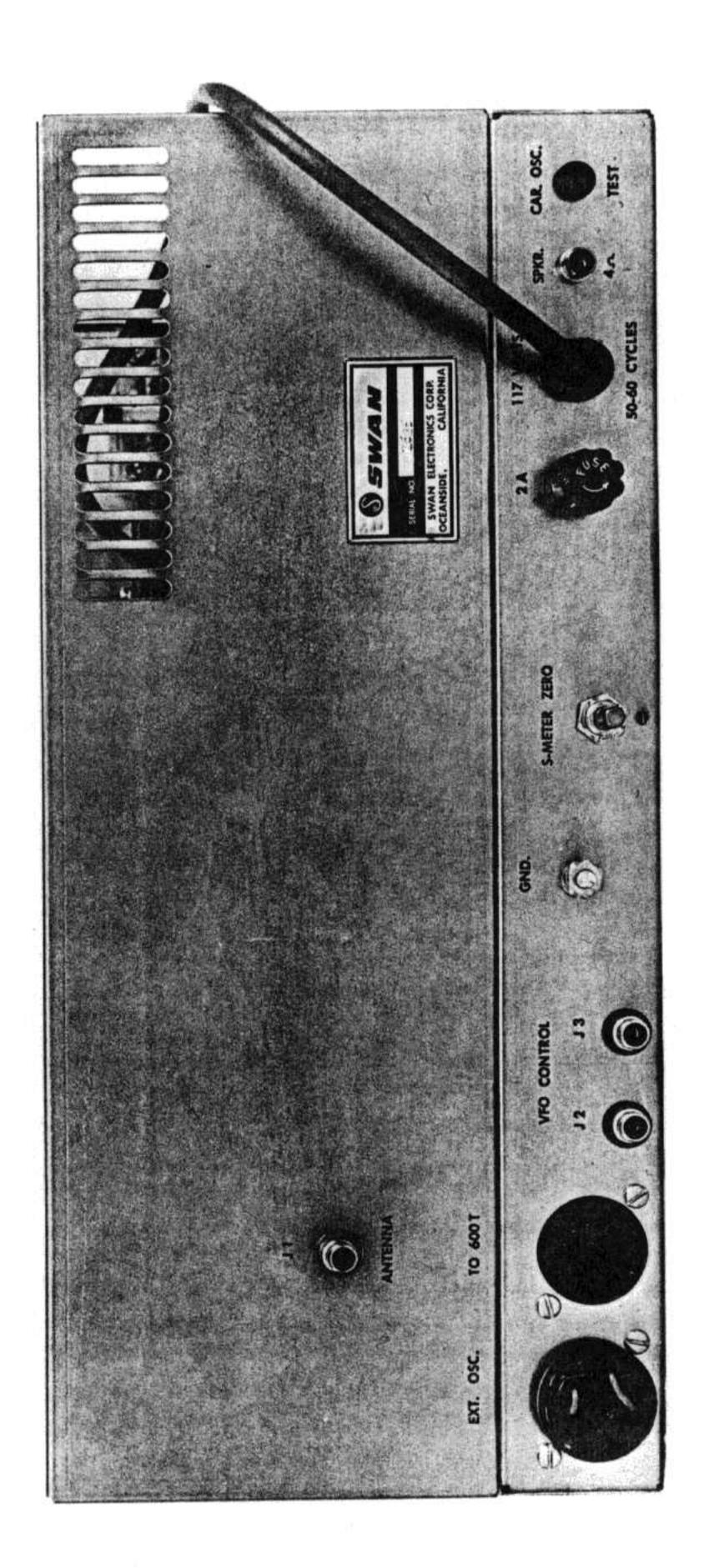


FIGURE 6. REAR VIEW OF 600-R

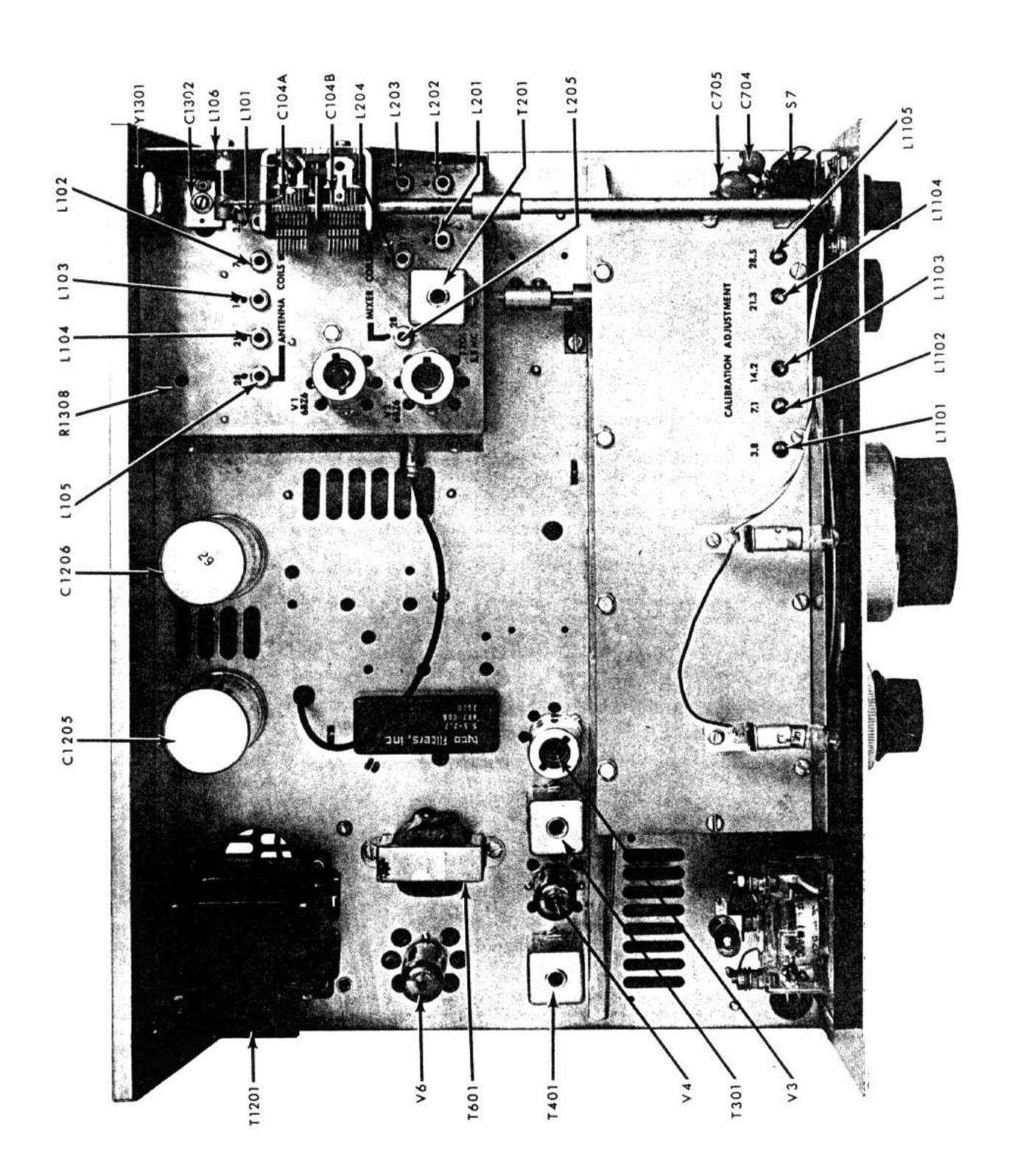


FIGURE 7. TOP VIEW OF 600-R

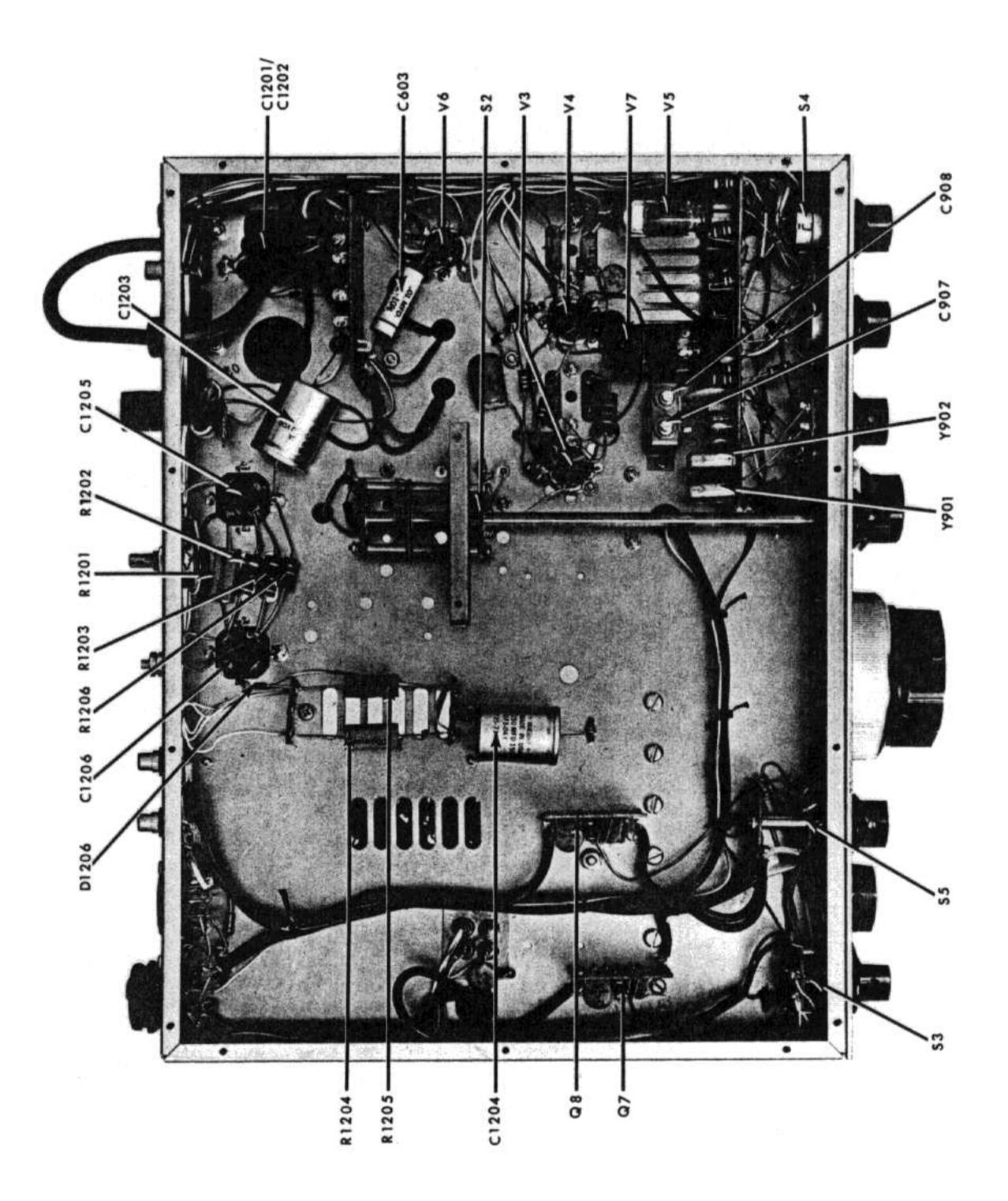


FIGURE 8. BOTTOM VIEW OF 600-R

verything4lessstore.com

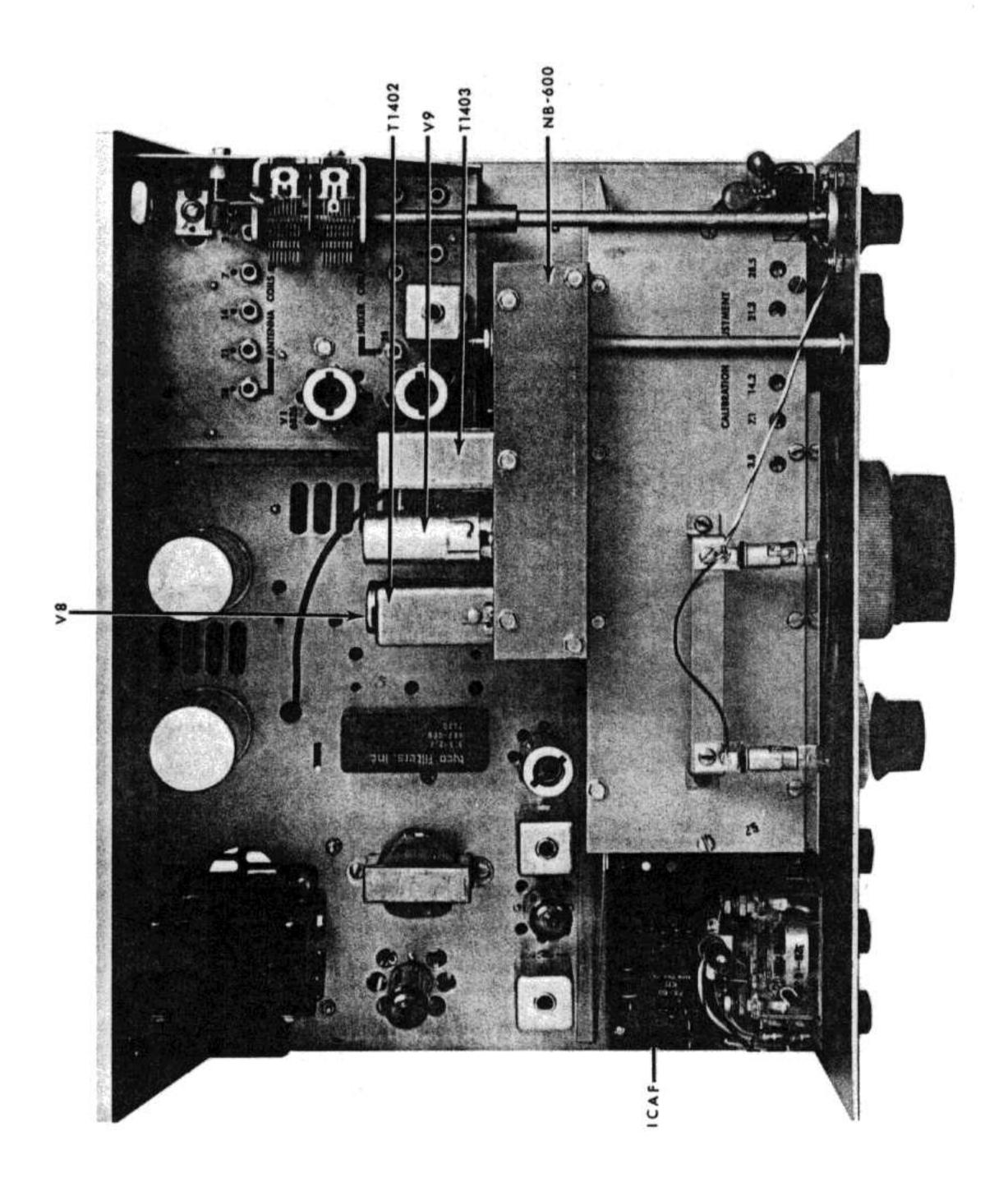
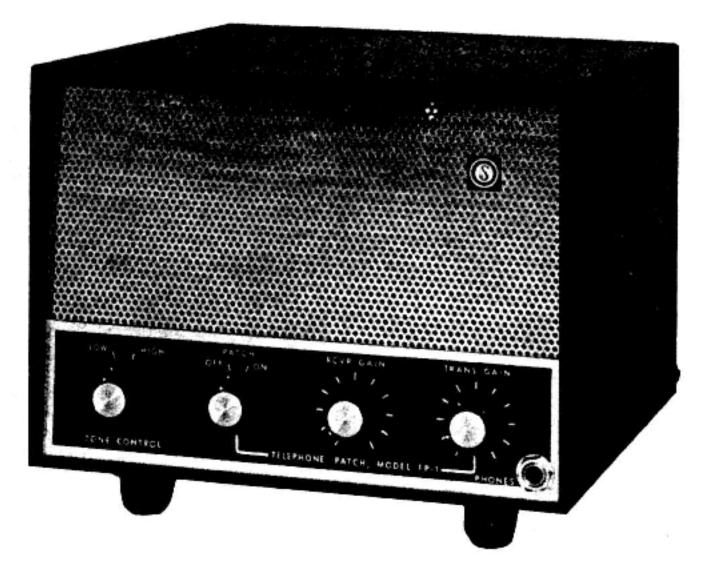


FIGURE 9. TOP VIEW OF 600-R CUSTOM RECEIVER





600-S

The Model 600-S Standard Speaker is a 4 ohm 4 watt speaker with tone switch and headphone jack.

600-SP

The Model 600-SP Deluxe Speaker is a 4 ohm 4 watt speaker with tone switch, headphone jack, and built-in FP-1 Phone Patch.

THE MODEL FP-1 PHONE PATCH is designed to connect a radio receiver and transmitter, or transceiver, to a telephone so that the party on the other end of the telephone line can listen and talk over the radio circuit. The unit is designed specifically to connect easily and quickly to the SWAN MODEL 600-R/600-T and Swan Transceivers.

FP-1 PHONE PATCH SPECIFICATIONS:

1.	"Line" Input Impedance		•	*			•		600	ohms
2.	Speaker Impedance					÷	*.		3-4	ohms
3.	Receiver Output Impedance	e					:•1		3-4	ohms
4.	Microphone (Low Level O	utp	ut)).		. 1	Hig	h l	Impe	dance
5.	Phone Patch Output to Tra	ans	mit	ter		. 1	Hig	h I	Impe	dance
6.	Mic. Jack: 3 circuit, Pho	ne	Jac	k '	Тур	e,	1/	4 i	inch	diam.
7.	Mic Plug: 3 circuit, Phon	e J	acl	κT	ур	е, :	1/4	in	ich d	iam.,

matches all Swan Transmitters/Transceivers. Includes

Press-to-talk circuit.

- Panel Controls: (a) ON-OFF Switch, (b) Receiver Gain, controls volume level of signal going from the radio into the telephone. (c) Transmitter Gain, controls volume level of signal going from the telephone into the transmitter.
- Rear Control: "NULL" adjustment. Important only during VOX operation. Keeps the received radio signal from tripping the VOX. Factory set, should not require adjustment.

The FP-1 is a hybrid telephone design, which means that it may be used with VOX (automatic voice controlled transmit) as well as with manual transmit control. Connections with the Transceiver and telephone have been organized so that once it is installed there is no need to plug or unplug the microphone or cables when using or not using the Phone Patch. The regular station microphone plugs into the back of the Phone Patch, while the shielded cable with plug coming from the phone patch plugs into the Mic. Jack of the Transceiver. When the Phone Patch is turned "OFF", the microphone is connected to the Transceiver for normal operation. When the Phone Patch is turned "ON", the telephone becomes the microphone. However, the pressto-talk switch on the station mike is still operative, and so is still used to switch from receive to transmit, unless VOX is being used.

600-R STANDARD AND CUSTOM MODELS

PARTS LIST

CAPACITORS	lef. mbol	Description	Part Number	[Ref. Symbol	Description	Part Number
C101 30, 5% N150 Disc 084-044 C901 270, 2% 500V Mica 001 0		ORS			C803	.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C101			1			.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C102 30, 5% N150 Disc 084-044 C903 0.1, +80-20% 500V Disc 074-024 C904 30 mit, 15V Electrolytic 075-024 C905 30, 5% N70 Disc 074-024 C905 30, 5% N70 Disc 074-024 C905 30 mit, 15V Electrolytic 075-026 C905 C9	ai -	30 5% N150 Disc	084-044				088-014
C103		· ·	1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	088-014
C104A 136, Variable O74-024 C904 30 mf, 15V Electrolytic O74-024 C905 10, 5% NPO Disc O105 68, 5% S00V Mica O88-030 C906 10, 5% NPO Disc O107 O101 20% Disc O72-023 C909 .22, 204 VDC O107 O109 O1 +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1001 O1 +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1001 O1 +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1001 O1 +80 -20% 500V Disc O109 O1 +80 -20% 500V Disc O1000, 1 KV Feedthm O77-002 C1002 30 mf, 15V Electrolytic O1000, 1 KV Feedthm O77-002 C1002 30 mf, 15V Electrolytic O101 O100, 1 KV Feedthm O77-002 C1002 30 mf, 15V Electrolytic O1001 O1, 160 Disc O1004 O1, 180 -20% 500V Disc O1005		•				•	072-023
C104B 136, Variable 074-024 C905 10, 5% NPO Disc 006 68, 5% SOOV Mica 088-030 C907 2.4-24.5 pt Variable 070-020 C107 0.01 20% Disc 072-002 C109 0.1 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1001 0.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 0.01 +80 -20% 500V Mica 0.08 +0.04 C1102 1.8-13 pf, Variable 0.02 +		-	1 ' ' '			· /	073-047
C105	· •				l		084-060
C106	I	·	1 ' ' '			• •	084-060
C107		•			C907	· · ·	075-018
C108	ŀ		1		C908	2.4-24.5 pf Variable	075-018
C100	- '	•	1 . [C909	•	085-021
C110					C1001	.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C112			077-002		C1002	30 mf, 15V Electrolytic	073-047
C112					C1003	30, 5% NPO Disc	084-011
C110		_	084-060		C1004	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C201 30, 5% N150 Disc 084-044 C1102 1.8-13 pf, Variable O7-2023 O1 +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1110 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1106 C1104 O1 +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1105 C1105 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1106 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-024 C1107 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-025 C1110 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1111 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1114 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1115 Selected Value Selected Value O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1116 Selected Value O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1116 Selected Value O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1116 Selected Value O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1116 Selected Value O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1110 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1110 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1120 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1120 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O72-023 C1201 O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O1, +80 -20% 500V Disc O1, +80 -20% 5			088-038		C1101	1.8-13 pf, Variable	075-005
C202 30, 5% N150 Disc 084-044 C1103 1.8-13 pf, Variable 07 C203 30, 5% N150 Disc 084-044 C1104 1.8-13 pf, Variable 07 C204 01 + 80 - 20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1105 1.8-13 pf, Variable 07 C205 68, 5% 500V Mica 088-030 C1106 12, Variable 07 C207 100, 5% 500V Mica 088-006 C1107 39, Variable 07 C208 .002 20% Disc 072-006 C1109 470, 5% 500V Mica 08 C209 .02 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1110 .01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 07 C210 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1111 430, 2% 500V Mica 08 C211 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 077-001 C1112 27, 5% 500V Mica 09 C301 .22 Tubular 200V 072-023 C1111 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 07 C301 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1115 Selected Value C303 .02 +80 -20% 500V Disc			084-044		C1102	1.8-13 pf, Variable	075-005
C203		,	084-044		C1103	1.8-13 pf, Variable	075-005
C204		•	084-044		C1104	1.8-13 pf, Variable	075-005
C205 68, 5% 500V Mica 088-030 C1106 12, Variable OC C206 150, 5% 500V Mica 088-004 C1107 39, Variable 07 C207 100, 5% 500V Mica 088-004 C1108 270, 2% 500V Mica 08 C208 .002 20% Disc 072-006 C1109 470, 5% 500V Mica 08 C209 .02 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1110 01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 07 C210 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1111 430, 2% 500V Mica 08 C211 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 077-001 C1112 27, 5% 500V Mica 08 C301 .22 Tubular 200V 072-023 C1114 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 07 C302 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1115 Selected Value C303 .02 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1116 Selected Value C304 Not Used 085-021 C1117 Selected Value C402 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1118 Selecte	I	•	072-023		C1105	1.8-13 pf, Variable	075-005
C206		68, 5% 500V Mica	088-030		C1106	12, Variable	074-026
C207			088.006		C1107	39, Variable	074-056
C208			088-004		C1108	270, 2% 500V Mica	088-014
C209		• • •	072-006		C1109	470, 5% 500V Mica	088-032
C210			072-023		CHIIO	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C211			072-023		C1111	430, 2% 500V Mica	088-024
C212	I		077-001		C1112	27, 5% 500V Mica	088-023
C301 .22 Tubular 200V .072-023 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc .072-023 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc .072-023 .02 +80 -20% 500V Disc .072-023 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc .072-023 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica .08		•	077-001		C1113	430, 2% 500V Mica	088-024
C302	I		072-023		C1114	.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C303		.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023		C1115	Selected Value	
C304			072-023		C1116	Selected Value	
C401 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1118 Selected Value C402 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1119 Selected Value C403 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1120 22, 5% N220 Disc 08 C404 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1201 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C405 1, 10% Tubular 071-001 C1202 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C501 220, 20% 500V Disc 072-017 C1203 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C502 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1204 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C503 150, 5% 500V Disc 088-006 C1205A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C504 .05, +80 -20% 100V Disc 072-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C505 500, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C506 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C5		Not Used	085-021		C1117	Selected Value	
C402 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1119 Selected Value C403 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1120 22, 5% N220 Disc 08 C404 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1201 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C405 1, 10% Tubular 071-001 C1202 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C501 220, 20% 500V Disc 072-017 C1203 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C502 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1204 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C503 150, 5% 500V Disc 088-006 C1205A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C504 .05, +80 -20% 100V Disc 072-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C505 500, 20% 500V Disc 072-022 C1206A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C506 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C507 .001, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1301 390, 5% 500V Mica 08	I	.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023		C1118	Selected Value	
C403 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1120 22, 5% N220 Disc 08 C404 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1201 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C405 1, 10% Tubular 071-001 C1202 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C501 220, 20% 500V Disc 072-017 C1203 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C502 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1204 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C503 150, 5% 500V Disc 088-006 C1205A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C504 .05, +80 -20% 100V Disc 072-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C505 500, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C506 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C507 .001, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C601 .01, 1000V Tubular 085-027 C1302 5-80, Mica Compression			072-023		C1119	Selected Value	
C404 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1201 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C405 1, 10% Tubular 071-001 C1202 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C501 220, 20% 500V Disc 072-017 C1203 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C502 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1204 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C503 150, 5% 500V Disc 088-006 C1205A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C504 .05, +80 -20% 100V Disc 072-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C505 500, 20% 500V Disc 072-022 C1206A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C506 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C507 .001, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C601 .01, 1000V Tubular 085-027 C1301 390, 5% 500V Mica 08 C702 .047, 20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1303 .002, 10% Disc <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>072-023</td><td></td><td>C1120</td><td>22, 5% N220 Disc</td><td>084-030</td></td<>			072-023		C1120	22, 5% N220 Disc	084-030
C405 1, 10% Tubular 071-001 C1202 .0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica 08 C501 220, 20% 500V Disc 072-017 C1203 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C502 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1204 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 07 C503 150, 5% 500V Disc 088-006 C1205A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C504 .05, +80 -20% 100V Disc 072-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C505 500, 20% 500V Disc 072-022 C1206A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C506 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C507 .001, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1306B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 07 C601 .01, 1000V Tubular 085-027 C1301 390, 5% 500V Mica 08 C701 .01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1303 .002, 10% Disc 07 C702 .047, 20% 200V Mica 085-026 C1304 .01 10% Disc 07 </td <td>i</td> <td>.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc</td> <td>072-023</td> <td></td> <td>C1201</td> <td>0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica</td> <td>085-012</td>	i	.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023		C1201	0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica	085-012
C501 220, 20% 500V Disc 072-017 C1203 150 mf, 150V Electrolytic 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-018 072-020 072-025 072-025 072-025 072-025 072-022 072-022 072-022 072-022 072-022 072-028 072-029 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>071-001</td><td></td><td>C1202</td><td>.0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica</td><td>085-012</td></td<>			071-001		C1202	.0047, 20% 1000V Molded Mica	085-012
C503 150, 5% 500V Disc 088-006 C1205A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 072-036 072-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 073-036 072-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 073-036 073-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 073-036 073-036 073-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 073-036 073-036 073-036 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 073-036	i	220, 20% 500V Disc	072-017		C1203	150 mf, 150V Electrolytic	073-043
C504 .05, +80 -20% 100V Disc 072-036 C1205B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 072-036 C505 500, 20% 500V Disc 072-022 C1206A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 072-036 C506 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 072-018 C507 .001, 20% 500V Disc 072-006 C1301 390, 5% 500V Mica 085-027 C601 .01, 1000V Tubular 085-027 C1302 5-80, Mica Compression 085-027 C701 .01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1303 .002, 10% Disc 072-023 C702 .047, 20% 200V Mica 085-026 C1304 .01 10% Disc 072-023 C703 .047 200V Molded 085-014 C1305 5, 5% NPO Disc 085-026 C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 072-072 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-072	02	.002, 20% 500V Disc	072-018		C1204	150 mf, 150V Electrolytic	073-043
C505 500, 20% 500V Disc 072-022 C1206A 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 072-022 C506 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 072-018 C507 .001, 20% 500V Disc 072-006 C1301 390, 5% 500V Mica 085-027 C601 .01, 1000V Tubular 085-027 C1302 5-80, Mica Compression 085-027 C701 .01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1303 .002, 10% Disc 072-023 C702 .047, 20% 200V Mica 085-026 C1304 .01 10% Disc 072-023 C703 .047 200V Molded 085-014 C1305 5, 5% NPO Disc 085-026 C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 072-026 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-026	03	150, 5% 500V Disc	088-006		C1205A	80 mf, 400V Electrolytic	073-044
C506 .002, 20% 500V Disc 072-018 C1206B 80 mf, 400V Electrolytic 072-018 C507 .001, 20% 500V Disc 072-006 C1301 390, 5% 500V Mica 085-027 C601 .01, 1000V Tubular 085-027 C1302 5-80, Mica Compression 085-026 C701 .01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1303 .002, 10% Disc 072-023 C702 .047, 20% 200V Mica 085-026 C1304 .01 10% Disc 072-023 C703 .047 200V Molded 085-014 C1305 5, 5% NPO Disc 085-026 C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 072-026 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-026	04	.05, +80 -20% 100V Disc	072-036		C1205B	80 mf, 400V Electrolytic	073-044
C507 .001, 20% 500V Disc 072-006 C1301 390, 5% 500V Mica 08 C601 .01, 1000V Tubular 085-027 C1302 5-80, Mica Compression 08 C701 .01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1303 .002, 10% Disc 07 C702 .047, 20% 200V Mica 085-026 C1304 .01 10% Disc 07 C703 .047 200V Molded 085-014 C1305 5, 5% NPO Disc 08 C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 07 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 07	05	500, 20% 500V Disc	072-022		C1206A	80 mf, 400V Electrolytic	073-044
C601 .01, 1000V Tubular 085-027 C1302 5-80, Mica Compression 08 C701 .01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1303 .002, 10% Disc 07 C702 .047, 20% 200V Mica 085-026 C1304 .01 10% Disc 07 C703 .047 200V Molded 085-014 C1305 5, 5% NPO Disc 08 C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 07 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 07	06	.002, 20% 500V Disc	072-018			, ,	073-044
C701 .01, +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023 C1303 .002, 10% Disc 072-023 C702 .047, 20% 200V Mica 085-026 C1304 .01 10% Disc 072-023 C703 .047 200V Molded 085-014 C1305 5, 5% NPO Disc 085-029 C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 072-023 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 072-023						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	088-050
C702 .047, 20% 200V Mica 085-026 C1304 .01 10% Disc 07 C703 .047 200V Molded 085-014 C1305 5, 5% NPO Disc 08 C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 07 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 07	01	.01, 1000V Tubular	085-027			<u>-</u>	089-002
C703 .047 200V Molded 085-014 C1305 5, 5% NPO Disc 085-014 C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 0705 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 0705		- ,			1		072-035
C704 .22 200V Molded 085-029 C1306 1000, 1 Kv Feedthru 07 C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 07	02	.047, 20% 200V Mica	1 1	}	i		072-034
C705 Not Used 085-014 C1307 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 07	03	.047 200V Molded	1	Ī		· ·	084-022
6703	04	.22 200V Molded			1	,	077-001
	05 3	Not Used	085-014		C1307		072-023
C801 30, 5% NPO Disc 084-011 C1308 .01 +80 -20% 500V Disc 07	01 :	30, 5% NPO Disc	084-011		C1308	.01 +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C802 30 mf, 10V Electrolytic 073-047	02 3	30 mf, 10V Electrolytic	073-047				

Capacitors are in Picofarads when listed as a whole number unless otherwise specified. When listed as a decimal number, value is in microfarads unless otherwise specified. Resistors are 10% tolerance, 1/2 watt rating, unless otherwise specified.

Ref.		Part
Symbol	Description	Number
RESIST	ORS	
B101	1 Man	042-105
R101	1 Meg	042-225
R102	2.2 Meg	042-270
R103	27 Ohms	042-154
R104	150 K	042-134
R105	27 Ohms	042-270
R106	470 Ohms	052-044
R107	25K Pot.	042-103
R108	10K	042-103
R201	4.7K	042-472
R202	4.7K	042-103
R203	10K	042-223
R204	22K	042-102
R205	1K	042-102
R206	4.7K	042-472
R207	270K	042-103
R208	10K	1 1
R209	470 Ohms	042-471
R210	270K	042-224
R301	470 Ohms	042-471
R302	10K	042-684
R303	33K 2W	044-333
R304	1K	042-102
R401	100K	042-105
R402	10K	042-104
R403	100 Ohms	042-103
R404	82K, may be selected	042-101
R405	1K Pot.	042-823
R406	1 K	052-014
R407	330 Ohms	042-102
R408	27K 1W	042-331
R501	100K	042-104
R502	270 Ohms	042-271
R503	270K	042-274
R504	47K	042-473
R505	I Mcg	042-103
R506	10K	042-474
R507	470 K	042-473
R508	47K	042-104
R509	100K	042-104
R510	10 Meg	052-010
R601	1 Meg Pot.	042-473
R701 R702	6.8K 470K	042-474
1	4.7K	042-472
R703 R704	270 Ohms	042-274
1	Not Used	042-105
R705 R706	100K	042-224
R801	100K	042-101
	2.7K	042-272
R802	150 Ohms	042-172
R803		042-272
R804	2.7K	042-272
R805	470 Ohms	042-101
R806	100 Ohms	042-101
R807	10K	042-103
R901	18K	V72-103

Ref.		Part
Symbol	Description	Number.
R902	1.5K	042-152
R903	2.2K	042-222
R904	100 Ohms	042-101
R905	330 Ohms	042-331
R906	1 K	042-102
R907	4.7K	042-472
R1001	100 Ohms	042-1001
R1002	470 Ohms	042-471
R1003	2.7 K	042-272
R1004	2.7 K	042-272
R1005	150 Ohms	042-151
R1101	1K 5%	046-102
R1102	1 K 5%	046-102
R1103	1K 5%	046-102
R1104	470 Ohms 5%	042-272
R1105	2.7K	042-272
R1106	2.7 K 470 Ohms 5%	046-471
R1107	10K	042-103
R1108 R1201	200 Ohms 5W	049-038
R1202	470 Ohms 2W	044-471
R1203	470 Ohms 2W	044-471
R1204	47 Ohms 2W	044-470
R1205	350 Ohms 10W	049-024
R1206	100K 1W	043-104
R1301	100K	042-104
R1302	10K	042-103
R1303	100K	042-104
R1304	10K	042-103
R1305	27 K	042-273
R1306	47K	042-473
R1307	33K	042-333
R1308	5K Pot.	052-043
R1309	2.2K	042-222
R1310	3.9K	042-392
R1311	4.7K	042-392
R1312	3.9K	042-392
TRANS	FORMERS	
TOOL	Mixer Coupling	014-017
T201 T301	First I.F. Amp. Coupling	014-017
T401	Second I.F. Amp. Coupling	014-012
T601	Audio Output	272-001
T1201	Power	271-020
11201	_ 	1
SWITCE	HES	
SIA-E	Bandswitch	171-110
S2	Selectivity	171-107
Se	Function	171-106
\$4 S4	Power	052-010
S5	VFO Control	171-104
S6	Sideband Selector	171-116
S7	AGC	172-013

Ref. Symbol	Description	Part Number
CRYST	ALS	
Y901	5500 KC BFO Osc.	486-038
Y902	5503.3 KC BFO Osc.	486-039
Y1301	100 KC Calibrator	486-006
COILS		
L101	80 Mtr Ant Coil	012-107
L102	40 Mtr Ant Coil	012-108
L103	20 Mtr Ant Coil	012-109
L104	15 Mtr Ant Coil	012-109
L105	10 Mtr Ant Coil	012-114
L106	11.9 MC Trap Coil	012-044
L201	80 Mtr Mixer Coil	012-044
L202	40 Mtr Mixer Coil	012-025
L203	20 Mtr Mixer Coil	012-024
L204	15 Mtr Mixer Coil	012-024
L205	10 Mtr Mixer Coil	012-024
L901	200 uh RFC	027-002
L1101	80 Mtr VFO Amp Coil	021-031
L1102	40 Mtr VFO Amp Coil	021-030
L1103	20 Mtr VFO Amp Coil	021-031
L1104	15 Mtr VFO Amp Coil	021-030
L1105	10 Mtr VFO Amp Coil	021-030
L1106	200 uh RFC	027-002
L1107	200 uh RFC	027-002
LAMPS		
B 1	GE 1815	471-005
B2	GE 1815	471-005
В3	GE 1815	471-005
METER		
M1 [0-60 DB	112-023

Ref. Symbol	Description	Part Number
DIODES		140111001
PIODES		
D101	1N914	475-021
D701	1N914	475-021
D702	1N914	475-021
D703	1N914	475-021
D1201	1N4002	475-023
D1202	1N4002	475-023
D1203	1N4002	475-023
D1204	1N4002	475-023
D1205	1N4002	475-023
D1206	Semeor LMZ 12.0 2W 10% Zener	475-020
TRANSI	STORS	
Q1	MPS3693	476-008
Q2	MPS3693	476-008
Q3	MPS3693	476-008
Q4	MPS3693	476-008
Q5	2N706	476-001
Q6	2N706	476-001
Q 7	2N706	476-001
Q8	2N706	476-001
Q9	2N706	476-001
l		
TUBES		
V1	6R76 P.F. Amplifiar	472-046
V ₂	6BZ6 R.F. Amplifier 6BZ6 Mixer	472-046
V2 V3	12BA6 First I.F. Amplifier	472-046
V4	12BA6 Second I.F. Amplifier	472-024
V5	12AX7 Produce Detector/First	772-024
	Audio Amplifier	472-009
V6	12AQ5 A.F. Output	472-052
v7	12AV6 AGC Amp.	472-019

All Resistors are 1/2 watt 10% tolerance unless otherwise specified.

600-R CUSTOM ADDITIONAL PARTS LIST

NB-600 NOISE BLANKER

I.C.A.F. NOTCHER-PEAKER

Ref. Symbol	Description	Part Number
CAPACI	TORS	1
1	- · ·	
C1401	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C1402	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C1403	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C1404	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C1405	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C1406	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C1407	.001, 20% 500V Disc	072-006
C1408	.001, 20% 500V Disc	072-006
C1409	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
C1410	.01, +80 -20% 500V Disc	072-023
RESIST	OR	
R1401	47K IW	043-473
R1402	47K 1W	043-473
R1403	100 Ohms	042-101
R1404	1K	042-102
R1405	100K	042-104
R1406	470K	042-474
R1407	100 Ohms	042-101
R1408	47 Ohms	042-470
R1409	470 Ohms	042-471
R1410	1K	042-102
R1411	1K	042-102
R1412	47 Ohms	042-470
R1413	470 Ohms	042-471
R1414	1 K	042-102
R1415	470 Ohms	042-471
TRANSI	FORMERS	
T1401	I.F. Transformer	014-017
T1402	I.F. Transformer	014-012
T1403	I.F. Transformer	014-017
SWITCH	ES	
S8	Function Switch	171-118
DIODES		
D1401	1N914	475-021
D1401	1N914 1N914	475-021
TUBES		
V8	12BA6	472-024
V9	12BA6	472-024
'	1222	1

Ref.	Description	Part
Symbol	Description	Number
CAPACI	TORS	1
01.501	6 - 6 16W Electrologic	073-049
C1501	5 mf, 16V Electrolytic	073-049
C1502	.005, 100V Disc .02, 100V Disc	078-002
C1503	.02, 100 v Disc	070-001
RESIST	ORS	
R1501	39K	042-393
R1502	10K	042-103
R1503	1 Meg	042-105
R1504	100K	042-104
R1505	33K	042-333
R1506	470 Ohms	042-471
R1507	68K	042-683
R1508	10K	042-103
R1509	10K	042-103
R1510	1.5 Meg	042-155
R1511	47K 2W	044-473
R1512	10 K	042-103
R1513	1K	042-102
R1514	10K Reverse Audio Taper	052-047
R1515	Dual 200K-200K Reverse Audio	
	Тарег	052-046
DIODES		
D1501	Semcor 1N4742 12V 1W Zener	475-019
TRANSI	STORS/INTEGRATED CIRCUITS	
00	FX-60	476-005
Q9 Q10	40468A	477-001
QIO	404007	4,,,,001
SWITCH	t 1	
S9		171-120
	j	
	<u> </u>	
	<u> </u>	

